The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,285 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1885.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

	Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY 1885.
L.	Sutlej	4124	800	A. H. Johnson	30th Jan.
m.	Siam	3047	500	E. Ashdown	6th Feb.
L.	Peshawar	3610	600	J. C. Babot	13th "
—	Nubia	3450	500	S. F. Cope	20th "
L.	Tenasserim	4400	800	G. G. Perrins	27th "
m.	Delhi	3955	550	T. Fairclough	6th Mar.
L.	Poona	3124	500	G. Scrivener	13th "
—	Rosetta	3123	600	F. Herrie	20th "
L.	Mirzapore	3124	500	C. Weighell	27th "
m.	Chartres	3983	1000	A. N. Hector	3rd April
L.	Surat	3142	550	C. H. Edwards	10th "
m.	Nizam	2739	500	W. J. Webber	17th "
L.	Ghuznee	4950	800	H. Wyatt	24th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Suez Canal, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the latter passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A Branch-ships will leave the Company's Dockyard, Ballard, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
CHUSAN	4000	H. Wyatt	6th Feb.
VERONA	3115	500 L. H. Moule	20th Feb.
MALWA	3950	500 J. W. Adamson	6th March.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, Jan. 17, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Rail, Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel first class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 77 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—
First Class Rs. 660. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Jan. 17, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 28th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, 350, and 150. For First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Vegetarians will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the steambooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	1885.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	on Sunday 1st Feb.
GIULIO	5,000	850	on Sunday 1st Mar.

Steam Launch from Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Season House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jan. 1, 1885.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons. H.P.	To sail 1885.
PANDORA	G. Martini	3,500 550	29th Jan.
ARMINIUS	G. B. Verona	3,500 550	1st March.
EURYDICE	G. Cattich	4,100 600	2nd (April
LEDUCA	G. Ragusin	3,500 550	2nd May.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include 10 Bottles supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo Bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain	Tons H.P.	To sail 188
SILENTRA	G. Cattich	4,100600	29th Jan.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons H.P.	To sail.
MELPOMENE	L. Lencioch	3,500 450	12th Feb.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Season House, 60, Church-gate-street, Bombay, Jan. 21, 1885.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following are the probable sailings, Bombay to either Liverpool or London:—

	Tons. Guard.	Sailing about
s. s. City of Venice	3,206 H. Y. Moffat	7th Feb. 1885
s. s. City of Carthage	2,65? A. B. Gray	6th April
s. s. City of Khios	3,246 D. McIlroy	6th May

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 24th January, 1885. Agents.

CITY LINE.

THE first class steamer CITY OF VENICE, 3206 tons, will SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about 7th February. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth cabins, baths, punkhas, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is a well-known favourite passenger ship from Calcutta and has very superior accommodation for a large number of first class passengers. No others taken.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 24th January, 1885. Agents.

Rs. 25.— For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these watches to the trade.

NOTICE.

BREACH CANDY SWIMMING BATH.—ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING at the Bath premises on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 7-30 a.m.

THE PACHORA GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the PACHORA GINNING and PRESSING COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 19, Church Gate-street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th January, instant, at 4 p.m. (or so soon after as the business to be transacted at the second ordinary general meeting to be held on that day shall be finished) for the following purposes:—

1st. To amend clause 36 of the Articles of Association of the Company by altering therein the words "ten or more" to "five or more."

2nd. To amend clause 115 of the Articles of Association of the Company by inserting the words "31st day of December in lieu of "31st day of March," and the words "30th day of June" instead of the words "31st day of December."

By order,
NATHOO LALLJI & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

THE PACHORA GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the PACHORA GINNING and PRESSING COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 19, Church Gate-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of January, 1885, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet made up to 31st December, 1884.

2nd.—To declare a dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors in the room of those retiring by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 20th to 28th January, 1885, both days inclusive.

By order,
NATHOO LALLJI & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 30th January, 1885, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th January, 1885, at 8 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Mussreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ARCOT," 1,982 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th January, 1885, at 5 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on 29th January, 1885, at noon.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, January 9, 1885. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS,

BY ALL MAIL AND PRINCIPAL ROUTES OR BY THE SHORTEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTES,

AVAILABLE for one or more passengers, any day, to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, etc., may be had to start from

EVERY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

Through Bookings to London at the lowest possible fares. Every information freely given re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, etc. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels. See Cook's Monthly Mail and Indian Advertiser, January Number, Ans4, post-free.

THOS. COOK & SON,
Tourist Agents.

Calcutta, 10½, Old Court House-street.
Bombay, 17, Hornby Row, The Fort.

N.B.—Subscribers of Rs. 3 to C. M. M. & I. A. Newspaper, for 1885, published monthly, also have a chance of Free First Class Passage to London and back. Subscriptions to be paid before March 20th to participate, see January Number.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.

A COMBINATION of the fluid extract of Sarsaparilla prepared with the greatest care from the Red Jamaica Root and Iodide of Potassium, combining the active properties of Sarsaparilla with those of the Iodide. It is specially recommended as an Alterative and Blood-purifier.

Per bottle, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 4 Cash.

PREPARED ONLY BY
TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SATIN OR SILK FANS.

NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS JUST RECEIVED

PLAIN BLACK, Sizes 13" to 17", from Rs. 4 to Rs. 9-8 each.

Black, WHITE or CREAM COLOURED, from 13" to 18". Beautifully and artistically decorated with Crewel work, Hand-painted Flowers, Birds, and Foliage, from Rs. 10-8 to Rs. 38 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOODS FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

TREACHER & CO.'S
OWN IMPORTATION.

		Rs.	a.
ARROWROOT, Finest Bermuda, in 1 lb. tins	each	1	12
Do. Spead's East Indian	"	0	14
BARLEY, Robinson's Patent prepared, 1 lb. tins	"	0	9
CORN FLOUR, Brown and Polson's, in packets	"	0	7
Do. do. do. tins	"	0	9
GELATINE, in 1 and 2 oz. packets	per oz.	0	4
GROATS, Robinson's Patent prepared, 1 lb. tins	each	0	9
HARD'S INFANTS' FOOD	per packet	0	10
ISINGLASS, real Russian, fine cut	per oz.	0	14
LIEBIG'S INFANTS' FOOD, Savoury and Moore's	per tin.	0	10
Do. do. do.	per doz.	6	12
MACCARONI, the finest, 2 lb. tin	each	1	8
MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids	"	0	14
Do. do. do. large size	"	1	8
NESTLE'S MILK FOOD	"	1	0
PEARL BARLEY, in 2 lb. tins	"	0	8
REVALENTA ARABICA, 3s. 6d. tins	"	1	12
SAGO, Finest Pearl, 2 lb. tins or bottles	"	0	8
TAPIOCA, Best clean white, 2 lb. tins (Genoa)	"	0	10
VERMICELLI, finest white, 2 lb. tins	"	1	8

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
DISPENSING AND OPERATIVE CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TAYLOR'S
CORN AND WART DESTROYER
Removes without pain
HARD CORNS! SOFT CORNS!!
INTRACTABLE OLD CORNS!!!
In cases, with full directions for use.
Price As. 12.

Prepared only by
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
DIRECT FROM THE CHIEF PERFUMERS OF THE DAY.
The selection comprises—

BREIDENBACH'S WOOD VIOLET.	
BAYLEY'S ESS. BOUQUET.	
DALMAHOY'S CURIOUS ESSENCE.	
GREENSILL'S MONA BOUQUET.	
FORGET-ME-NOT.	FRANGIPANNI.
JASMIN.	JOCKEY CLUB.
KISS-ME-QUICK.	MILLEFLEUR.
WHITE ROSE.	MOSS ROSE.
OPOPONAX.	YLANG YLANG.
CAPE JASMINE.	LAUGHING WATER.
SPRING VIOLETS.	SHAMROCK NOSE-GAY.
RONDELETIA.	EDELWEISS.

GENUINE EAU-DE-COLOGNE, all sizes.
THOMSON & TAYLOR'S LAVENDER WATER.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 132.

MORNING CLOUDS,
A Small Cigar suitable for
SMOKING AT CHOTA HAZRI OR TIFFIN.
HAVANNA-SHAPED TRICHINOPOLY,
Fine flavour and superior finish.
Price Rs. 2 per box of 100.
DAWSON'S MUSTER.
Medium length Cheroot-shaped, with straw.
Price Re. 1-12 per box of 100.
NOBLE'S MUSTER.
A small Cheroot without straw, of mild but fine flavoured Tobacco.
Price Re. 1-12 per box of 100.
CLUB MUSTER.
Cheroot or Havanna-shaped, a regular Leisure hour.
Price Rs. 3 per box of 100.

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

ENGLISH MEAT JELLIES.
ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INVALIDS.

Essence of Beef	Rs.	1 4
" " Mutton	"	1 8
" " Chicken	"	1 12
" " Veal	"	1 8
" " Turtle	"	1 12

INVALID TURTLE SOUP.
Per Tin Rs. 3.
THE ORIGINAL "ERBSWURST"
(CONSOLIDATED SOUP)
Invaluable for Travellers, Sportsmen, Explorers, &c
Each tin is sufficient to make *One Pint* of Good Strong Soup. Per Dozen Tins Rs. 2.

KEMP AND CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SASSOON INSTITUTE.
4th MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT will take place
4th FEBRUARY, at 9 p.m.
The plan of the Hall is open from TO-DAY for members to secure their seats.

THE CARNAC IRON WORKS.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of the undersigned in the above business CEASED on the 31st December, 1884.

This cancels the notice in the *Times of India Calendar* for 1885 as to the proprietorship of the above business.

J. SINCLAIR PIRRIE.
Bombay, 27th January, 1885.

THE RIPON PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIRST GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, at No. 17, Tamarind Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of February, 1885, at 2 p.m., as required by clause 70 of the Indian Companies' Act VI. of 1882.

By order of the Board,
C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Ripon Planting Company, Limited.
Bombay, 28th January, 1885.

BOMBAY FLOUR MILL CO., Ld.

PURE WHEAT FLOUR made from SELECTED WHEAT by the new patent process of ROLLER MILLING is equal to the best European production. In COLOUR, PURITY and FINENESS it is infinitely superior to stone-ground flour and gives much better results in baking and sizing.

Obtainable in any quantity direct from the mill,
HANCOCK BRIDGE, Mazagon.
Retail from Messrs. PEARSE and Co., Limited.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS.

	Rs.	a.
Fifty-one Photographic Illustrations taken by order of the Government of India of some selected objects shown at the Third Exhibition of Native Fine and Industrial Art	35	0
Hand-book of Bee-keeping for India; by J. C. Douglas	1	4
Journal of Indian Art. Nos. 1, 2, and 3, each	1	0
List of Agricultural Implements and Machines which have been experimented with and found efficient and useful in India during the year 1883-84	0	8
Rough List of Indian Art-Ware; by Babu T. N. Mukharjee	0	8

COOPER, MADON and Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the CORPORATION will be held here, on THURSDAY, 5th instant, at 3 p.m., for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Report of the Committee appointed by the Corporation on the subject of the selection of design for the new Municipal Offices and Hall. Letter from the Municipal Commissioner on the same subject. Sanction to be asked to the grant of Rs. 2,000, for the fees of the professional advisers consulted by the Commissioner in the selection of design and specification.

2. Memorandum from the Commissioner forwarding copies of letters from Messrs. Crawford and Buckland expressing the opinion that the Municipality is legally incompetent to undertake the charge of primary Education in Bombay.

By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; and Secy., Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 27th January, 1885.

BADHAM, PILE & COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 24, Rampart-row, within the Fort of Bombay, for the purpose of passing the following Resolutions:—

1. That the Capital of the Company be increased to Rupees Four Lakhs by the creation of One Thousand new Shares of Rupees One Hundred each, to be paid up as follows, namely, Rupees Twenty-five on application, and the balance by three instalments of Rupees Twenty-five each at intervals of not less than two months.

2. That holders of every three Shares in the existing Capital shall be entitled to receive an allotment at par of one new Share for each such three old Shares, provided that they apply for the same on or before the 28th day of February, 1885.

3. That the new Shares not applied for by existing Shareholders, as lastly before mentioned, shall be sold and disposed of by the Directors at such times and in such manner as they shall deem fit, and any profit to be obtained by way of premium on such sales shall be carried to the credit of the Reserve Fund of the Company.

4. That the new issue of Shares shall not be entitled to any participation in the dividend to be declared for the current year ending the 31st March next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
RICHARD PILE,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 19th January, 1885.

CIGARS, CIGARS, CIGARS.

SPLENDID TRICHINOPOLY, DINDIGUL, Pondicherry, Manilla, and Burmah Cheroots and Cigars for flavour and exquisiteness unrivalled.

A trial will convince real smokers as to their purity.

N. C. DALAL.
6, Church-gate-street.
Established 1872.

MEDOC CLARET.

Quarts.....per doz. Rs. 12
Pints..... " " 7

RECEIVED direct from the Growers, and were thus enabled to quote such low prices, for pure Wine, possessing body, colour, and reliable bottling qualities, characteristic of higher growths, and altogether superior to the thin, acrid, watery productions now being sold under the erroneous title of Cheap Claret, and so calculated to retard the development of that taste for Wine as an everyday beverage which has been steadily increasing for years past.

GRANT'S MORELLA CHERRY BRANDY.
SUPPLIED TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AT ALL THE ROYAL PALACES.

THIS delicious Liqueur, made from the Finest Kent Morellas, is now an established favourite, and it is in general use throughout the Presidency.

In pints.....each Re. 1-8

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
WINE MERCHANTS.
ESPLANADE-ROAD.

MICROSCOPES.

THE Company's fully illustrated Catalogue of these Instruments is now published and will be forwarded on application. Their stock comprises a great variety of the instruments most specially adapted for work in this country, and made for the Company by Nachet, Pramowsky, the maker to the French War Department, and other trustworthy manufacturers. The instruments have all been specially selected and the quotations are extremely low.

KEMP & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY.

KEMP & COMPANY'S
FLUID EXTRACT OF IODIZED SARSAPARILLA.

THE Best, Surest, and most Powerful alterative for the renovation of the BLOOD, and for the restoration of TONE and STRENGTH to the system. It quickly removes from the Blood those humours or principles which disturb its purity, directing them toward the natural Excretory Channels. It is used with great advantage for all climatic Eruptions and Affections of the SKIN, BOILS, PIMPLES, RINGWORM, &c., and for all the various diseases arising from impurities of the BLOOD. For RHEUMATISM it is unequalled.

Per bottle Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4-8 and Rs. 8-8

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

TINCTURE OF PODOPHYLLUM
(Podophyllum Peltatum).

A NEW and elegant preparation of PODOPHYLLUM (American May-apple) so justly celebrated for its curative powers in all derangements of the Liver, Constipation and Biliousness.

This preparation has the great advantage of being equally suitable for children as well as adults, and is largely prescribed by the Medical Profession.

Per bottle Re. 1.

Prepared only by
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

CHEMISTS BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, BART., K.C.M.G., C.I.E.,
GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

PHARMACY AND DISPENSING.

THIS Department of the Company's business is under the special care of a thoroughly QUALIFIED PHARMACIST (by examination) of great experience, both in London and Provincial Houses; the dispensing of Prescriptions and the Preparation of Medicines are carried on under his immediate supervision, aided by a staff of competent Assistants. All Drugs and Chemicals, before being taken into stock, undergo a careful analysis so as to fully ascertain their quality and purity.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES.

The attention of Medical Men and Dispensaries, &c., is called to the extensive range of our stock in this Department. New Instruments of every kind are constantly being added. Agents for Messrs. ARNOLD & SONS, Surgical Instrument Makers to her Majesty's Government.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

"OUR CHEAP WATCHES ARE THE ADMIRATION OF ALL WATCHMAKERS AND A CAUSE OF SATISFACTION TO BUYERS."

NOTE.—Our own Factory in Locle, from where all our watches emanate, was established in 1814. This fact, coupled with the experience we have gained in India during nearly 20 years, stands to reason that we are in a position to supply a watch which with regard to quality, usefulness, neat appearance, and cheapness, remains unequalled.

NOTE.—We are the only Watchmakers in India who have obtained the "HIGHEST AWARD," viz., Gold Medal and First Class certificate at the late Calcutta Exhibition.

The following are a few of our cheap watches which we especially and confidently recommend as thoroughly reliable and good.

A. Our celebrated Original Campaign Lever keyless Watches in white metal case.

1.	In open crystal faced case	Rs. 25
2.	" hunting case	" 28
3.	" half-hunting case	" 30

Guarantee, 2 years.

B. Our metal keyless Lever Watches.

1.	In open crystal faced case	Rs. 18

Guarantee, one year.

C. Our Sterling Silver keyless Watches.

1.	In open crystal faced case	Rs. 40
2.	" hunting case	" 45
3.	" half-hunting case	" 50

Guarantee, 2 years.

D. Our celebrated Silver Lever Watches, key winding.

1.	In open crystal faced case	Rs. 25
2.	" hunting case	" 26
3.	" half-hunting case	" 27
4.	The above three of superior quality	" 35

Guarantee, 2 years.

E. Our cheapest Silver Lever Watches, key winding.

1.	In Silver Open faced case	Rs. 18
2.	" " hunting case	" 19
3.	" half-hunting case	" 20

Guarantee, 1 year.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR

Have always on hand a good assortment of

"TOILET REQUISITES,"

comprising:

SOAPS,	PERFUMES,	POMADES,
TOOTH POWDERS,	EAU DE COLOGNE,	HAIR WASHES,
TOOTH PASTE,	TOILET VINEGAR,	HAIR BRUSHES,
TOOTH BRUSHES,	RAZORS,	NAIL BRUSHES,
BATH GLOVES,	STROPS,	CLOTHES BRUSHES

And other articles too numerous to detail.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

THORPE AND CO.,

MILITARY TAILORS, SHIRTMAKERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,

HAVE a well-selected and general assortment of the undermentioned goods, and they respectfully invite inspection of the same:—

Celluloid Collars.
" Shirt Fronts.
" False Cuffs.
Paper Collars.
" Cuffs.
Shirt Collars, all three fold.
False Cuffs.
Braces in great variety.
Leather and Elastic Belts.
Shirt Studs, mother-o'pearl.
Lund's Ivory and Gold Studs.
Jet Studs.
Cholera Belts.
Rugs, Mauds, and Blankets.
Eider down Quilts.
Waterproof Shirts.
Air-tight Pillows.
Waterproof Sheets.
Cambric Handkerchiefs.
French Cambric do.
Gent's Best French Grey Kid Gloves.
Gent's Best Doeskin Gloves.
Gent's Best White Kid Gloves.
Best Military Doeskin do.
Ladies' Gauntlet Gloves.
Warm Woollen Gloves.
Marine Soap.
Genuine Eau-de-Cologne.
Atkinson's Perfumery.
Tooth Brushes and Paste.
Sponges and Bags.
Bath Gloves.
Hold-alls.
Walking-sticks.
Sun Umbrellas.
Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.
Towels for Face.
Turkish Bath Towels.
Portable Chairs.
Travelling Canteens.
Tiffin Baskets.
Resais and Pillows.
Steel Boxes.
Uniform Cases.
Masonic Clothing.
Damask Table-cloths and Napkins.
Twilled Cotton Sheets.
Pillows, Feather Horsehair.
Eider Down Pillows.
Cork Mattresses.
Portable Camp Bedsteads.
Portable Travelling Baths.
Money Belts.
Sovereign Boxes.
Hair Brushes in Leather Case.
Nail Brushes.
Clothes Brushes.
Dressing Combs.
House Wife.
Gent's Fitted Bags.
Ladies' Fitted Bags.
Despatch Boxes.

THORPE AND CO.,

NOTE THE CHANGE OF ADDRESS.
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED,

MILLINERS, DRESS-MAKERS, TAILORS, HOSIERS, HATTERS, DRAPERS, GLOVERS, BOOT AND SHOE MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL PROVIDERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW GOODS.
NOVELTIES IN VELVETS!
NOVELTIES IN SATINS!
NOVELTIES IN SILKS!

We have just opened an immense Consignment of
BROCHE VELVETS, BROCHE SATINS,
BROCHE SILKS AND BROCHE OTTOMANS,

Dressmakers and Milliners, (those in whose brains fashions are first incubated) are for ever busy constructing, pulling down and altering with the materials at their disposal and as the fabrics principally used by them for the purposes of producing Novelties are Silks, Satins and Velvets, the French Silk Manufacturers, to satisfy their eagerness, have now produced the grandest assortment of Broches in bright mixtures and Oriental combinations ever seen. We have just imported a novel stock of these to suit the requirements of the Novelty-loving public of this country. Brocaded and Fancy Velvets with rich Silk Flowers in exquisite colours, Flowers arranged on Satin and Silk in the most artistic fashion, small patterned figured Silks, checked and striped Silks in subdued colours that have a "Shot" look Silks and Satins strewn with small designs in Velvet and Chenille, the whole forming the most

NOVEL, EXQUISITELY ARTISTIC, UNIQUE AND GRAND STOCK,
Unequalled by any house in the trade.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS
were awarded to

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH
they will send
Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,

A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, breguet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.

Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 170, net cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.,
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

INVALID'S PORT WINE
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 26 Net per dozen Quarts.

THIS WINE HAS NOW MANY IMITATIONS.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsules and Labels.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO. BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 2. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

LADIES' SET of FLORAL TOOLS.—Rs. 2 and Rs. 2-8 per set.—BARTON & Co., Limited, Church-gate-street.

A BAY WALER MARE, six years old, quiet to ride and drive. Apply to 30 Adelphi Hotel, Byculla.

FOR SALE, SECOND-HAND BILLIARD TABLE, complete. Apply Great Western Hotel, Bombay.

KAIRIN and ANTIPYRIN.—Fresh supplies just come to hand. Apply to BELL, BRANDENBURG & Co., 23, Bombay Green.

LOST, at the Volunteer Ball, a CHINA SILK SHAWL, worked with rose silk flowers. Finder will please send it to SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

APARTMENTS in the Circle, to be let. Furnished. Spacious, and open to sea breeze. With or without Board. Three rooms. Apply "G" this office.

HORSE WANTED.—A strong SHIGRAM HORSE required for use in the Fort. Oders to H. care of Messrs. Lidbetter and Stead, Apollo-road, Fort, Bombay.

INDIA RUBBER PENS delightful to write with, combining the softness of quill pens with the durability of steel pens. Rs. 1 per box of 2 dozen.—STEWARD & Co.

BYCULLA BILLIARD-ROOM AND BAR will be reopened under English management on the 2nd February, 1885. Best wines and spirits and three good tables.

TO BE SOLD at Bennett's auction on SATURDAY, one bay arab horse 14-3, and one well-bred bay waler mare, 15 hands, both go in saddle, and are thoroughly broke to double and single harness; also one Harvi'y cart, 5 feet wheels, and sets of single and double harness.

BEAUTIFUL CHEAP TOYS, see PEARSE'S Collection of CHEAP AND GOOD TOYS, 23 Apollo-street.

TO BE LET, airy and commodious ROOMS in Church Gate-street, for offices. Apply to M. H. MAJU, at the Tea Emporium.

LOUIS ROEDERER CARTE BLANCHE, Reserve for United Britain, is the hand used at the Clubs. Obtainable only from PHIPSON & Co.

FLOUR from Trieste (Buda Pesth); Bapty Brothers; Bombay Flour Mills; and Western India Flour Mills, can be had at PEARSE'S.

ALGERIAN BON BONS, American Candy Apricotines a la Creme, Bon Bons Fins Aux Amandes Caramels, &c., at PEARSE'S.

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS and Dry Plates for sale. Apply for Price List to S. HORMUSJEE, Photographer, Kalbadevie-road, Bombay.

GENTLEMEN who intend furnishing their houses should not fail to visit the extensive show rooms of JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Martin-street.

NEW PATENT TYPE-WRITER, first consignment, just to hand, price Rs. 50. Sole Agents—Ch. Zerrenner and Co., No. 1, Tamarind-lane.

ST. PAULI LAGER BEER—Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts, Rs. 28 per case of 8 dozen pints. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations, situate in a quiet locality, large airy Rooms.

THE RAM BAGH TEA ESTATE, *viâ* Saharunpur, W. P. Flavoury tea always in stock. Terms favourable. Sample free on application.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar, ready laid, at very moderate rates.—Pereshaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

JUST UNPACKED for presentation, new batch of jewellery, shawls, Indian fulkari curtains, and other numerous articles at Messrs. Hurjimull & Co., Esplanade-road.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1885. Price, Rs. 8; with postage, Rs. 8-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

£6 277,986-3-0 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Office. New Assurances last financial year £1,300,000.

THE

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 27.

RATES of discount in London are unchanged, but the Paris exchange is quoted one centime higher, which does not look like easier money. Consols come unaltered at 99⅞, but Rupee Paper is down ⅛, Fours to 77⅛, Fours-and-a-half to 79½.

In the Produce markets there is no movement of any importance to note.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed with a hardening tendency, the sales being 10,000 bales, including 1,500 Surats. In spot prices there is an advance of 1-16d. in Good, and a decline of like extent in Fine, Broach. Americans to arrive are 1-64d. higher all round. From New York ready Mid-Uplands come 1-16 cent., futures 2 points higher, the receipts at the ports being still light. The following is the comparison to date :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Two days' receipts	14,000	23,000	34,000
Three days' do.	21,000	37,000	55,000
Total since 1st Sept.	4,013,000	3,875,000	4,307,00

Notwithstanding the firmness, the demand from home is no more active, and we are consequently experiencing a poor inquiry here. Sellers have put up their prices about Rs. 2 per candy, and are very firm as that ; but so long as the European buying is on such a small scale there can be no great activity. Considerable purchases of Bengals have been made to-day to cover January shipments for which extreme rates have been paid, say, Rs. 166 to Rs. 167 for Good, and other grades in proportion, and Rs. 230 per candy is reported to have been paid for Broach to a small extent. We make current rates :—

	Good.	Fully Good.	Fine.
Bengals, ready	Rs. 167	Rs. 177	...
Omras "	198	204	212
Broach, March	230	...	...
Dhollera, April	199	204	212

WHEAT and SEEDS remain at previous prices.

FREIGHTS keep very firm for near shipment, but the inquiry is not active. A steamer has been fixed for Havre, early February loading, at 28s. 9d., and even at that there are few boats to be had in the position. Forward, however, the demand on the part of shippers is very slack.

IMPORTS.—Goods and Yarns are steady, with a fair average business doing from first hands. Coals are decidedly firmer, especially for near arrivals, for which there is an active demand.

EXCHANGE.—Reuter confirms the decline in Bar Silver to 49¼d. per oz. advised in private messages yesterday, and as there is no increase in the amount of paper offering, sterling rates have weakened again by 1-32nd. We quote at the close :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 1-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6 31-32d.	"
Credits, three months' sight	1s. 7 11-32 to 1d.	"
Francs do. do.	2 94 to 1.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been dull at Rs. 98 3-16 for Fours and Rs. 100¾ for Fours-and-a-half.

SHARES are dull, and Spinning Mills are lower again. Dharamseys are down to Rs. 317½, Mahalukshmis to Rs. 700, Manockjee Petits to Rs. 1,200, Orientals to Rs. 510, and Prince of Wales to Rs. 140. Press Companies are quiet, and Prince of Wales are Rs. 16 lower at Rs. 575. Cooper, Madon and Co. are down to Rs. 120.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	14 p.ct.	765
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	1 do.	893
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	630
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£			
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	118
Hong, and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	260
National Bank of India	37,320	£ 250	12½	do.	99

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	...	925
Akola Press Co.	83	1,000	500 Rs. 50		450
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500 Rs. 45		450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	220	1,100	1,100 Rs. 100		1,125xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400 Rs. 20		210
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000 Rs. 25		550
Brach's Cawnpore P. Co.	500	200	200	...	195
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500 Rs. 45		560
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	100 Rs. 40		3
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	125	125	4½	245
Colaba Press Co.	50	1,000	1,000 Rs. 600		300
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	5 0	300	300	12	180
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000 Rs. 130		1,175xd
Fort Press Co.	150	2,500	1,000	40	2,835
French Press Co.	300	500	500 Rs. 45		610
Hindu Mabapathy Cotton	450	500	500	...	450
Hindu Union Press Co.	240	500	500 Rs. 40		475xd
Kamani Machine Co.	1,000	250	250 Rs. 30		300
Learning Press	1,500	125	125 Rs. 74		147½
Mazagon Press Co.	3,125	400	400 Rs. 20		39½
Oriental Press Co.	4,000	125	125 Rs. 10		19½
Printing Union Co.	600	500	500	100	675
Rast Goftar Press Co.	500	500	500	—	500
Rast Press Co.	400	2,000	750 Rs. 50		601
Sandhurst Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000 Rs. 90		1,175xd
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000 Rs. 60		780

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G.I.P. Railway Co.'s Consolidated Stock	..	£220	218-3-0	5 p.ct. 160
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20	130-14-6	do. 370
Ditto	..	£20	5-7-3	do. 735
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do. ...
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do. 617
Do. New Shares	..	£12	6—0	do. 5

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700		750
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000 Rs. 14		300

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co., Ld.	1,750	200	150		155
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	2,000	100	100 Rs.	12	165
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,650	200	165 Rs.	10	204
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	...	98
The Bombay Flour Mill Co.	300	500	500	...	100
Bombay Saw Mills	500	500	500	...	585
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	415
Bombay Trade & Insurance Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100 Rs.	6	106
Building Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	101
Do. New Shares	1,000	500	300	60	4,125
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25	830
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	850
Bombay Brick & Tile	1,000	100	100	...	104
Bombay Tile Co.	1,000	100	100	...	10 n
Cash Bazar	1,500	100	100	...	83
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld.	3,000	100	100	10½	120
Indian Guarantee & Security Association	5,000	100	10	Re. 1	12
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	...	5	...	5
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	500	500	300	36	35
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	500	200	30p. a.	321
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 20	323
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	80	80	1½	23
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	2½	55
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	1½	25
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 230	1,435
Remedy Co. Ltd.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 8	93
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	Re. 1	13
Tyrseher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,190
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	162
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	125	75	12 p.ct.	107

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE brig Telegraph, 165 tons, (Nacoda, will sail to-day for Tuticorin with a general cargo.

THE Anchor Line steamer Britannia, 1,901 tons Captain F. Blight, will sail to-day for Liverpool via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and Mrs. Cooper and two children.

THE steamer Catherstone, 1,406 tons, Captain W. Hall, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, (21st Dec.), brought a cargo of 2,637 tons coal. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Pachumba, 547 tons, Captain J. M. Simpson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee 25th January via Cutch with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr. W. Z. Lund, Mr. N. Brunsley, Mr. W. Anderson, Mr. W. Pearse, Mr. T. Douglas. Mr. G. Pearson, and seven hundred and seventy deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arabia, 674 tons, Captain W. H. Rothwell, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Kurrachee.—Lt. Col. and Mrs. Malden, Mrs. Vussondass, Mrs. Kersondass, Mr. N. McCoull, Dr. J. J. L. Danes, and Mr. S. Chilendi. For Bussorah—Mr. Esmail Khan. For Bushire.—One native officer. For different ports—sixty-eight deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
27	I. M. Canning (s).	Creagh	Kurrachee. Jan. 24.
	Ary Parsad	Nacoda	Deu. Jan. 3.
	Pachumba (s)	Simpson	Kurrachee. Jan. 25.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
27	H. M. S. Crocodile	Carr	England.
	Iran (s)	Nacoda	Bhownuggur.

The following vessels obtained port-clearance yesterday :—

Steamer Arabia, Rothwell, for the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.

Steamer Britannia, Blight, for Liverpool via Kurrachee.

Brig Telegraph, Nacoda, for Tuticorin.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Siam, for Trieste &c.

" Java, for the Persian Gulf.

" Calder, for the Persian Gulf.

" Eskmuhle, for Katty war, Coast and Kurrachee

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 27.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Edin Hall s—87 packages earthenware, Abs Hall Osmaill City of Venice, 1—30 cases copper and yellow metal sheets Hutchins Stewart and Co. ; 21 casks potts' Killick Nixon and Co., 252 cases alum, Ravenda & Gouldas. Clan Macdonald s—3 packages, order. Jas. A. Darwood. Clan Forbes s—501 bundles sheet iron, Wulff Cooman.

FROM GLASGOW.

Britannia s—102 bales paper, D. Bhandi; 13 cases printing ink, M. T. & W. Duradin.

FROM LONDON.

Surat s—48 cases wind and spirit Cutler, Palmer and Co. ; 11 cases champagne, C. Macdonald and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Elektra s—231 packages papers, S. A. S. Dawood.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Gloria s—10 cases cologne water Meffre Nevan and Co.

FROM GENOA.

R. Rubattino s—10 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Surat s—60 cases brandy, Benn, Ashley and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, January 26.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	30·026
Temperature of the Air	74·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·0
Dew Point	54·8
Relative humidity of Air	·723
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded—8)	0·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	79·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	69·2
General Direction of Wind*	NNE, N, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	202

* From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 26.

Edwardes, Brigadier General, Staff, on duty, from Egutpura.

Creagh, Major, Brigadier-General, Staff, on duty, from Egutpura.

Daly, Lieut., C. I. Horse, on duty, from Mhow.

Kenyon-Slaney, Lieut., Durham L. I., on leave, from Allahabad.

Bleasby, Major, Royal West Surrey, on leave, from Cawnpore.

Milne, Surg., on duty.

JANUARY 27.

Cox, Col., Staff Corps, on duty, from Rawal Pindee

Naros, Major, Dy. Asst. Adjt. Genl. for Musketry, on duty, from Mhow.

Betham, Lieut., Worcestershire, on duty, from Kurrachee.

Shepherd, Major, 1st Punjab Cavalry, on leave, from Kohat.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 27.

Finch, Lieut., E. Lance, to rejoin, to Ferozpore.

Wade, Lieut., R. E., on duty, to Roorkee.

Elliot, Lieut., 8th King's, on duty, to Fort William.

Pelly, Lieut., D. C. L. I., on duty, to Madras.

Nicholson, Lieut., 19th Hussars, on duty, to Deesa.

Kenyon-Slaney, Lieut., Durham L. I., to rejoin, to Allahabad.

Sandwith, Lieut., 8th Bombay N. I., from leave, to Nusserabad.

Malden, Lieut. Col., 1st Sind Horse, to rejoin, to Jacobabad.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt B. V. R. C.

Bombay, January 28.

Those who have entered for the Wimbledon meeting are requested to fix on three days during February next, so as to practise at Coorla as a team. The conditions can be seen at Head-quarters.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "A" Company :—Vol R. Windsor and Vol. C. Bingham.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(Gazette of India.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

H E the Viceroy and Govr-Genl has been pleased to appoint Surg J Findlay, MB, Army Medical Dept to be Surg on H E's Personal Staff, from 9th Jan 1885.

The services of Surg A W D Leahy, Indian Medical Service, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Foreign Dept from 11th inst.

Judicial.—The Hon'ble H Beverley, CS, took his seat as an Offg Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, on the 12th inst.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Mr A T Drysdale, Consvr of Forests of the 3rd (Offg 2nd) Grade in Berar, G J VanSomeren, MGLI, Consvr of Forests of the 3rd Grade, is appointed to the charge of the Forests in Berar, and to officiate in the 2nd Grade of Consvre, from 15th Jan 1885, and until further orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Ordnance Department.—Capt T F T Fowle, RA, to be Commy of Ordnance, 3rd Class.

Vol Corps.—Rangoon Vol Rifle Corps—C E Bernard, Esq., CSI, Chief Commr of British Burma, to be Honorary Col.

Furlough and Leave.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Maj J Hay, BSC, Commdt, 4th Goorkha Reg, (p. a.) for 1 year and 43 days.

Capt G B Renny, BSC, Asst Mily Accts, (p. a.) 2 years.

Col B W D Morton, B S C, has been granted an extension of furlough (p. a.) by the Secy of State for India, for 58 days.

Promotions.—The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to notify that the Sec of State for India in Council has decided that in modification of paragraph 84 of G G O No. 332 of 1861, the period of service required for promotion of Lieutenants of the Staff Corps to the rank of Captain shall be 11 instead of 12 year.

2 The change to take effect from the 8th Jan 1885.

The following promotions are made subject to H M's approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.—To be Lieut-Cols—Maj Sir B F Urmhad, Bart—18th Jan 1885 and Maj J S Tait,—20th Jan 1885.

To be Cols in the Army.—Lieut-Col S J Browne, B S C,—10th Jan 1885, Lieut-Col J W M Anderson, Bom S C,—20th Jan 1885 and Lieut-Col W Jacob, Bom S C,—20th Jan 1885.

The following promotions are made subject to H M's approval. Dated 8th Jan 1885.

Bengal Staff Corps.—Lieuts to be Capts—H Read, C J Roberts, W A D'Oyly O'Mealy, E H Molesworth, R R N Sturt, H B Thornhill, E H H Montresor, W H Young, G W C Bruce, F P L White, R F Gartside-Tipping, V C Tennochy, G H Robinson, A W T Radcliffe, S B Beeston, S R L Holmes, F W Egerton, E M Nedham, J de Courcy D Meade, M J Meade, E S Masters, A MacWhirter Renny, L M M Hall, J B Woon, W F Montresor, H L Dawson, W G Yate and William Lambert.

That portion of G G O No. 36 of 1885 promoting Lieut Read is cancelled.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr J A Ryan, Accts, 1st Grade, attached to the Office of the Auditor and Exmr of Accts, Bengal and N W Railway, is promoted to the honorary rank of Asst Exmr.

Mr F W Roberts, Apprentice Engr, State Railways, is promoted to Asst Engr, 3rd Grade, from 12th Dec 1884.

Colonel's Allowance—Col T Lamb, BSC, is admitted to the Col's allowance,—20th Jan 1885.

Medical Dept.—To be Surg Major—Surg K M Downie, MD. Dated 29th Dec 1884.

Ordnance Department—Asst Commy and Hony Lieut R F Castellari to be Depy Commy ; Depy Asst Commy and Hony Lieut J Kelley to be Asst Commy ; Cond H Smith to be Depy Asst Commy ; Sub-Cond R Whitemore to be Conductor ; Store Sergt Joseph Land to be Sub-Cond on probation,—from 20th Nov 1884, vice Depy Commr and Hony Lieut J Loughin, deceased ; Sub-Cond (Offg Cond) John Cooke to be Cond and Store Sergt (Offg Sub-Cond) J Cooper to be Sub-Cond on probation,—from 1st Jan 1885, vice Cond Shortridge, pensioned.

Vol Corps.—Oudh Vol Rifle Corps—Capt T G Sykes to be Maj, vice Maj H S Boys, resigned.

Retirement—Lieut-Col E C Codrington, B S C, has been permitted to retire from the service, from 4th Jan 1885, subject to H M's approval.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Furlough and Leave.—Capt G B Hewett, Staff Officer, Kidderpore Dockyard, is granted furlough out of India (m c) for 1 year.

N.-W. PROVINCES GOVERNMENT ORDERS

(N.-W. Provs. and Oudh Gazette.)

With effect from the date on which the Hon'ble Mr D Straight returns from privilege leave, Mr W Dutholt, Offg Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature, N-W P to revert to his substantive appointment as Judicial Commr, Oudh.

Lieut W G Jackson to be Capt in the Ghazipur Volunteer Rifle Battalion.

Mr W E Knight to be Lieut in the Cadet Company of the Oudh Vol Rifle Batn, vice Lieut R D Connell, transferred to the Martiniere Company.

The Hon'ble the Lieut-Govr and Chief Commr is pleased to transfer Lieut R D Connell, from the Cadet to the Martiniere Company of the Oudh Vol Rifle Batn.

Mr J M Blanchfield, a Forest Ranger on the temporary establishment of the Kumaun Div, to be a Sub-Asst Consvr of Forests, from 23rd Dec 1884.

The Rev. Lillie, M A, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Govt, to be Chap of the Church of Scotland at Allahabad and out-stations.

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OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

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THE PARSIS:
INCLUDING
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BY
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With coloured and other illustrations.
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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BIRTHS.

BUTTS—January 19, at Satara the wife of H. H. Butts, Deputy Commissioner, of a daughter.

COLES—January 21, at Mandla, Central Provinces, the wife of F. E. Coles, Esq., of a daughter.

DAINTITH—January 23, at Lucknow, the wife of Mr. E. Daintith, Sub-Engineer, Military Works, F. W. D., of a son.

DEATH.

COGSWELL—January 20, at 4 Mission Row, Calcutta J. J. Cogswell, aged 61 years and 8 months.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1885.

THERE is no further news from General Stewart, but in lieu thereof Lord Wolseley has sent on to Cairo an explanation why there is no news, and an assurance that the absence of it affords no ground for anxiety. The reason is, he says, that a message from the desert column would have to be sent by camels, escorted by troops. It cannot be denied that the public would have been much more contented with a message from General Stewart than with even the most authoritative explanation of the absence of one. We do not forget that when we last heard of him he was only thirty-two miles from Metammeh. The battle fought on Saturday, the 17th, was reported at Cairo only four days later, and yet, although the column set out almost at once for Metammeh, nothing had been heard at Cairo, as late as last Monday, of its arrival at its destination, which it should have reached, assuming that it met with no interuption, not later than on Tuesday in last week. On that assumption the news of the arrival at Metammeh should have reached Cairo on Saturday, at the latest. Lord Wolseley speaks of the camels. But what if there are no camels ? What if the Arabs who outflanked the British square got in its rear, and hamstrung or captured General Stewart's camels. The conjecture is doleful enough, but we showed the other day, not only that it is not excluded from the limits of possibility, but that there are circumstances attendant upon and following the battle which distinctly invite attention to it. Moreover there is something not altogether reassuring in the very fact that Lord Wolseley has thought it necessary to do his best to reassure the public. The natural impulse of all of us is to take the best view of things, but the occasion is not one in which people will derive much consolation from the only too familiar saying that no news is good news. From the other troops which have gone on in advance of Lord Wolseley satisfactory tidings have come. General Earle, it is reported, has arrived at the Fourth Cataract, apparently without opposition, although we heard a few days since that there was a gathering of the rebels a few miles south of that place.

IT is satisfactory to note from the Administration Report of the Bombay Presidency for 1883-84, an instalment of which we publish to-day, that the unbroken prosperity in respect of seasons and crops witnessed during the last official year has told materially upon the condition of the people. There has been a decrease of crime. The ryots in the districts have had no need to mortgage their lands and borrow money. On the contrary, they have had thoughts of redeeming their estates out of the hands of the money-lenders. At the same time, the money-lenders do not appear to have suffered, for they have found outlets for their capital in the extension of trade and improvement of manufactures. Litigation has declined, while the stamp revenue shows an increase, due to the extension of commerce. The Educational Department has added largely to the number of village schools, and cultivators have been induced to send their children to them. Turning to Native States, the minority administration in Janjira has ceased, the young Nawab having assumed charge of the State. In Bhownuggur an attempt has been made to improve the port by the use of a powerful dredger and the laying down of fixed moorings which will enable three steamers at a time to lie in safety in the creek. About 3½ lakhs of rupees were spent in building stations on the Bhownuggur-Gondal line. The capital outlay on the line thus amounts to 90½ lakhs, and the gross earnings during the last year show an increase of Rs. 17,345, whereas the net earnings amount to more than 3½ lakhs, being 3·61 per cent. on the total capital outlay. The progress of education in Kattywar has been of a satisfactory character, Gondal having done much to promote education by means of night schools. There are now 23 night schools in this State, attended by 588 pupils. Female education has also been encouraged by the opening of a new school and the foundation of two scholarships and six grants-in-aid in connection with the Gondal girls' school. Students of agriculture and of veterinary and mechanical arts have also received their fair share of State help, and besides the foundation of scholarships for their benefit, the State workshops have been opened to them free of charge.

In the British districts of the Presidency the event of the year, which will hereafter be regarded as an epoch in its history, is the establishment of the Agricultural Department under Mr. Ozaune. It was the opinion of the Famine Commissioners that the efficiency of this department in relieving famine distress would depend upon the degree of accuracy with which statistics bearing on the agricultural, vital, and economic condition of the people were collected for each village and compiled in each district. It was allowed on all sides that the existing agency for carrying out this work was inefficient. A scheme was accordingly elaborated by a committee appointed for the purpose in September, 1883, on the lines laid down by Government. By this scheme, when it comes into force, there will be created a new body of educated, well-paid men, who will replace the taluka general-duty karkuns who at present supervise the work of the village accountants. The district of Dharwar has been selected for the first experiment, which will be tried on the principles enunciated in the Resolution of the Government of India of the 8th December, 1881. The object is to reduce to the smallest proportions the trouble, harassment, and expense attending repeated revisions of land revenue resettlements. To carry it out, the Bombay Government, the Report tells us, has ruled that "the measurement and classification work of the original survey shall be accepted so far as this is compatible with fiscal interests, and that in whatever talukas revision is necessary, it shall be undertaken at once and carried to completion in eight years." After eight years the Survey Department will be abolished, its work being taken over by the new Agricultural Department. As the revision survey has already been completed in the Dharwar district, the survey record of that district has been already transferred to the Director of Agriculture, who has been assisted by a body of officials to maintain under his direction the correctness of the survey record up to date, and to furnish more accurate agricultural statistics. Closely allied to this is the subject of taxing agricultural improvements. On this subject the Report assures us that "it is proposed to repeal section 107 [of the Land Revenue Code], and to re-enact the last para. of section 106 in a new section to be numbered section 107, in such terms as may set forth clearly, absolutely, and without qualification, the two simple principles (1) that assessments will be revised on consideration of the value of land and the profits of agriculture ; and (2) that assessments will not be increased on revision on account of increase to such value and profits due to improvements effected in any land during the currency of any previous settlement by or at the cost of the holder thereof." It is to be also hoped that in the carrying out of these simple, clear, and unqualified principles, Government will think better of the new departure in their policy which it is proposed to inaugurate in respect of the taxation of subsoil water in the forthcoming revision operations in certain districts of this Presidency. The next important point noticed in the Report is the limit of enhancements of rates of assessments in revision operations. And here we are glad to notice that the old Resolution of Sir Philip Wodehouse's Government, dated October 29, 1874, which was at one time supposed to have a very limited application, is now, in pursuance of the more liberal policy of Lord Ripon's Government, to be applied more generally. The Report tells us that the limits of enhancement laid down in that Resolution "shall be observed in the revision of all original settlements of which the term expires after the revenue year 1883-84." We congratulate the Bombay Government on the sensible view which they have at last decided practically to adopt. Attention is next drawn to the views of Government in regard to the collection of the land revenue. And here we are informed that the principle which guides the Bombay Government is that the assessments, which, as a rule, are carefully adjusted to the average production, have to be punctually paid, but that when an abnormal agricultural disaster occurs "the principle of rigid exaction is unhesitatingly set aside." In proof of this we are reminded of frequent suspensions of land revenue instalments in recent years. We should be the last to withhold credit from Government for frequent remissions of revenue instalments, for it would show that though as a matter of fact the Bombay Land Revenue Code makes no mention of these remissions in its provisions for revenue instalments, the Government is prepared to grant them when necessary. But the question here arises, is it or is it not the case that these suspensions are ordered long after the period when such relief may do good to the peasantry is past ; in other words, that such suspensions are not timely ? And as for remissions the well-known instance of Sir Richard Temple having recommended to the Secretary of State for India the writing off of revenue instalments amounting to several lakhs of rupees during the famine years of 1877 to 1879, after finding that such arrears were irrecoverable, shows that they were strictly speaking no longer remissions, but irrecoverable outstandings which the Government was under the necessity of writing off to avoid confusion in its accounts. Remissions, if they are intended to serve any useful purpose, must be timely.

The management of estates of indebted talukdars has certainly been attended with a large measure of success. In the course of the last 22 years for which the Talukdari Settlement Department has been at work, the estates have been freed from debts amounting to nearly half-a-crore of rupees, at a cost of only 4½ per cent. of the total income of the estates placed under management. It is, however, a melancholy fact to have to record that the released talukdars have shown themselves utterly unworthy of being entrusted with the management of their own affairs. Many of these talukdars, in the Ahmedabad district for instance, have once more plunged themselves into debts amounting to about eight lakhs of rupees. This sum only represents money borrowed on the security of lauded property, and as such is exclusive of loans taken on personal security. The registration records show that such large estate-holders as those of Gaujar, Gamph, Roska, and Bhankara have again become heavily encumbered. It would appear that all the care and all the labour bestowed by the talukdari settlement officer upon liquidating their affairs and handing over to them their ancestral estates free of encumbrances have been utterly thrown away. By their own conduct they have put themselves out of the pale of mercy or favour on the part of Government. How to deal with such talukdars must at no distant date become a serious question with Government.

A VERY strong protest—and perhaps something more—will have to go forth from England, and not from England alone, against an arrangement between France and Portugal which was announced in the *Times* yesterday. The Government of the two countries, it is reported, have concluded a treaty dividing between them the estuary of the Congo, ignoring the decisions arrived at by the recent Conference at Berlin. England is, to a very perceptible extent, weakened for such a protest by the very impolitic concession which Lord Granville made to Portugal nearly two years ago, when he concluded a treaty accepting the principle of Portuguese sovereignty over the lower reaches of the Congo. But the opposition of the Chambers of Commerce at home, of a large party in the House of Commons, and above all of the Continental Powers, prevented the compact from being ratified, and the Treaty became a dead letter. We shall have profited little by that opposition if the sovereignty of Portugal is to be admitted all the same, and especially if it is to be associated with French jurisdiction. It would be a bad arrangement at the best, for we believe neither in the capacity of Portugal to properly carry on the police of those waters, nor in the desire of France to exercise fairly the powers supposed to be conferred upon her in this Treaty. But while we have strong grounds of public law to go upon, it would be idle to base our protest upon considerations of this kind. The international character of the Congo has been solemnly affirmed in the agreement come to at Berlin. Nothing could be more clear than that. The Congo is taken outside the area of ordinary territoriality, and is placed under the collective authority of the European Powers represented at the Conference. We must insist—and unless the other Powers who participated in the Conference are prepared to dishonour their own signatures, we ought to protest with effect, against such a clear violation of an international compact almost before the ink in which it is written has become dry. The new Franco-Portuguese Treaty potentially places the very access to a river which has been solemnly decreed to be a highway of nations under the control of two of them, one the most retrogressive of States, who, if she could, would close every ditch under her jurisdiction against the entry of foreign trade. Our case is really so strong that if only it is strongly put it ought to gain the assent of all Europe. Here, surely, is a controversy in which Prince Bismarck cannot adhere to his recently expressed intention to favour the interests of France to the disadvantage of England. For France, in violating the understanding arrived at at Berlin, has shown quite as much disregard for him as for England.

FRENCH POLITICS AND PARISIAN TOPICS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JAN. 2.

IT has been said, with what truth I cannot vouch for, that while we were crying woe against Prince Bismarck and proffering against His Excellency all kinds of threats, an he should venture to show his detested person in our metropolis, his said detested person was here all the while, and was laughing in his detested iron-grey beard at our blindness and at our folly. On other sides, however, it is asserted that not only is this false, but that moreover the Prince has seen that it would be inconvenient for him to carry his project into execution, for great as may be the s

TELEGRAMS.

SIR F. ROBERTS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 27.

Sir F. Roberts and staff left Madras last night for Kamptee. He will halt two days at Kamptee, and then make an excursion to Raipore and back. Kareli will be visited on the 11th; and the 12th and the 13th will be spent at Saugor. His Excellency will thence proceed to Allahabad, and remain there one day. Calcutta will be reached on the 18th, and a halt made there for sixteen days.

OBITUARY.

At the High Court this morning the Chief Justice said that he had heard with regret that Mr. Justice Kernan had received a telegram announcing the sad intelligence of his wife's death in Ireland. In consequence of this bereavement, Mr. Justice Kernan will not sit in the High Court for a week.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

MESSAGE FROM LORD WOLSELEY.

CAIRO, JAN. 26.

A telegram has been received from Lord Wolseley, stating that the absence of news from General Stewart need occasion no uneasiness, as the only intelligence receivable from him must come by camels escorted by British troops.

GENERAL EARLE'S COLUMN.

General Earle's column has reached the Fourth Cataract.

THE CONGO.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

The *Times* in a leading article this morning announces that a treaty has been concluded by France and Portugal, dividing the estuary of the Congo between the two countries, ignoring the decisions arrived at by the late Conference at Berlin.

THE DYNAMITE EXPLOSIONS.

LONDON, JAN. 27.

Gilbert, the man who was arrested last Saturday at the Tower in connection with the dynamite explosions, turns out to be an Irish American. He was brought up yesterday before the magistrate at Bowstreet police station, and remanded for a week.

An important clue to the perpetrators of the outrages have been discovered, and is now being pursued by the police. Eight suspected persons are under surveillance.

THE AMERICAN SENATE ON THE EXPLOSIONS.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 26.

The Senate passed resolutions to-day expressing abhorrence at the late dynamite outrages in London.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

The Bombay mails of the 9th inst. arrived at Brindisi on the 24th inst.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, JAN. 26.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Rosetta arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, JAN. 26.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Massilia arrived here from Bombay this afternoon.

LIVERPOOL, JAN. 26.

The Hall Line steamer Werneth Hall, outward bound for Bombay and Kurrachee, left Liverpool yesterday afternoon.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macarthur arrived here from Bombay this morning.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Eldorado arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this afternoon.

LISBON, JAN. 26.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s, steamer Dacca, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

ADEN, JAN. 26.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Navarino, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

ZANZIBAR, JAN. 26.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. Swordsman left here for Calcutta to-day.

COMBO, JAN. 26.

French mail-steamer Saghalien, from Suez, arrived.

MADRAS, JAN. 27.

I. G. S. Tenasserim, from Rangoon, arrived.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with hardening tendency. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dholleras	4¼d.
The Manchester market has been firm.	
Rodamgatz on India, 60 days' sight	1s. 7d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	77¼
4 " "	79½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103¾
4 per cent. French Rentes	115
Indian Bill 1885	49½

Arrivals.—Knight of St. George and Prinz George.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JANUARY 27.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, interrupted. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, interrupted. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

New French American Co.'s cable interrupted between Brest and St. Pierre.

Hertzberg reports communication between Gibraltar-Carcavelles and Gibraltar-Villarei interrupted; all traffic going via Marseilles.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, January 26.

10 p.m.	72·7

TUESDAY, January 27.

6 a.m.	68·4
10 a.m.	74·3
2 p.m.	78·7
4 p.m.	75·4

COMING EVENTS.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Yacht Club Ball.

Jan. 30.—Scottish Orphanage Concert.
" 31.—Children's Fancy Dress Fête, Ladies' Gymkhana.
Sky Races at Deesa.
Mudholl Horse and Cattle Show.
" 31.—Native Political Association meeting, Framjee Cowasjee Institute.
Feb. 2.—Sir James Fergusson leaves for Calcutta.
Gymkhana General Meeting.
" 4.—Town Council Meeting.
Entertainment, Sassoon Institute.
" 7.—Gymkhana Sky Races.
" 9.—Yacht Club Dance.
" 11.—Yacht Club General Meeting.
" 14.—Regatta.
Prize Distribution by H. E. the Governor, at the Scottish Orphanage, Mahim.
" 16.—Regatta.
Yacht Club Dance.
Distribution of prizes, Byculla Schools (H. E. the Governor presides.)
Annual meeting of the Bombay Education Society.
" 12.—Bombay Races.
" 18.—Bombay Races.
" 21.—Bombay Races.
Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club.
" 25.—Byculla Club Ball.
" 27.—Gymkhana Sports.
" 28.—Gymkhana Sports.
Half-yearly general meeting Byculla Club 6 p. m.
" 29.—Prize distribution, School of Art.
March 2.—Yacht Club Dance.
Nariad Agricultural Show.
" 4.—Annual Sky Races, Gymkhana.
Dinner to Sir James Fergusson, Western India Club, Poona.
" 7.—Annual Sky Races, Gymkhana.
" 27.—Departure of H. E. the Governor for England.
April 3.—Departure of T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught for England.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR'S band will perform every Thursday at the Esplanade Band-stand until further orders.

SULTAN NAWAB NAWAZ JUNG of Hyderabad who arrived yesterday in Bombay, has put up temporarily in his own house, "The Talab Yali Kiosk" (situated at Ali Mahomed Khan-street, Baboola Tank), now in the occupation and tenancy of the late Mr. Shujaodeen Tyabjee's family.

THE Goa Government appears to have been put to some inconvenience by the working of the extradition clause of the treaty with the Government of India, for an order has lately been issued that no application for the extradition of a criminal from British territory will in future be entertained, unless a *prima facie* case is made out before a competent authority against the accused.

TELEGRAPHING from Bala Murghab on Jan. 7 the correspondent of the *Pioneer* with the Boundary Commission says:—"There has been continued rain and snow since the 2nd instant. The general health remains good. Survey outdoor work is suspended pending fine weather: in the meantime the officers concerned are busy in pulling up arrears of indoor work. Dr. Owen has his hands full of patients coming from Panjdeh, Maimana, and elsewhere. Mr. Griesbach contemplates an extended geological trip if Afghan officials approve. A gymkhana was held on the 1st instant with great success, the Afghan Commissioner and General Ghaus-ud-din being present."

THERE is heavy snow in the Bolan Pass. Seventy bullocks were frozen to death there in one night recently.

THE labours of the Afghan Boundary Commission have resulted in the discovery that the Goanese do not make the best servants in the world. Says the correspondent at Bala Murghab of an up-country paper:—"It was an evil day when the spirits moved someone in the Foreign Office to write to Bombay for cooks and servants for the Commission mess. You never saw such a lot of pot-boys as were obtained for the modest sum of Rs. 200 a month. Surely Simla or Calcutta, or even any decently large station in Bengal or the Punjab, would have produced a staff of real native servants far better than these nondescript Goanese. I do not wonder now that Sir Frank Souter wired to the F. O. that he could find no servants in Bombay willing to join the Mission. Of course he could find no *servants*, though doubtless he, as well as others less particular, could have fitted us out with the veriest outcasts of the domestic fraternity."

WE learn from an up-country paper that the elephant hunters at Saharunpore, captured a fine tusker on the 22nd inst. after a most exciting chase and severe fighting. He came close to Sir Alfred Lyall and party, and was repeatedly fired at to turn him, but seemed none the worse for it afterwards when he was captured. A herd of sixteen had been marked down, and a party started on Saturday in pursuit.

THE Judicial Commissionership of British Burmah is going a-begging. Two Bengal civilians have already refused it. The Bengal Government have therefore been left full liberty in the matter of the appointment. Whoever may be appointed will probably hold office till the end of the year, when Mr. Jardine, the permanent incumbent, returns from leave. It is unlikely Mr. Ward would again act after having held the reins in Assam during Mr. Elliott's absence.

IN Allahabad a person in ordinary health has the prospect of attaining the ripe old age of 250 years. At least that is what the local paper learns from the last published statement. With a population of over 150,000 Allahabad registered only 12 deaths during the week ending January 14. This gives a death-rate of only 4 per annum for every 1,000 of population, men, women, children, and infants, all included, so that each individual in this favoured spot has the average prospect of attaining the ripe old age of 250 years. If this be the nature of the statistics relating to "the larger municipalities," what value (asks the *Pioneer*) may be attached to those of the smaller municipalities, and what to those of the country villages which have not the advantage of supervision under the keen eye of the Municipal Commissioner?

IT is possible that Lord Randolph Churchill, instead of returning to England in the spring at the date expected, may prolong his voyage to India into a trip round the world.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL during his visit to Central India inspected the Gwalior Fort, which is one of the most interesting as well as one of the strongest in India. A correspondent, writing to an up-country paper, says:—"The question of the restoration of this fortress to Maharajah Sindhia has constantly been discussed, but it is doubtful whether Sindhia himself desires it, as it would necessitate the withdrawal of the British garrison from Morar, which was placed there at his request, and with which he is probably altogether disinclined to dispense. At any rate the question is not now under discussion, or would not seem to be so, seeing that within the last few years immense sums of money have been spent on the fortifications, and the water-supply protected by important works closing the valley to the west, which had always been the weakest part of the defences."

As a consequence of the warning issued by the Government of India to intending pilgrims to Mecca, in which were pointed out the heavy charges likely to be made on account of quarantine and general detention by the Turkish authorities, the number of pilgrims during the last Haj was comparatively small. The Turkish authorities are not likely to abolish quarantine, and it is therefore to be hoped that the warning should be repeated when the time approaches for the next pilgrimage.

THE report on the customs administration of the port of Bombay for the year 1883-84 has just been published. The net revenue collected by the Department during the year shows an increase of Rs. 1,87,964-5-10 over that of the previous year. In import duties there was an increase of Rs. 59,446. To this sum Rs. 16,232 were contributed by increased importations of arms, ammunition, and military stores, and Rs. 39,046 by liquors. Calcutta having deprived Bombay of a large portion of its trade in Indian rice to African and Persian Gulf ports, there was a decrease amounting to Rs. 10,874 in the export duty. While the refunds during the previous year amounted only to Rs. 4,010, during the year under review they increased to Rs. 8,191. There was a large decrease of Rs. 1,42,600 in the amount of drawback paid during the year. The actual expenditure on account of establishments and charges connected with the Custom House proper amounted to Rs. 2,14,811, being less by Rs. 52,366 than the amount expended in the previous year. The financial results of the reductions of establishment effected in consequence of the abolition of a great number of import duties are shown for a complete year for the first time. The saving comes to Rs. 1,95,600, or very nearly two lakhs, the amount indicated in the Government of India Resolution on the subject. The bulk of the foreign trade was about the same as in the previous year, but the coasting trade was brisker. Mr. Richard remarks that the reduced establishment was able to cope successfully with the increased work devolving upon it.

THE London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* understands that several noblemen and gentlemen of influence are considering the desirableness of forming a syndicate in order to raise five millions sterling for the purpose of building a fleet of war cruisers. It is intended by the promoters of this movement to rapidly construct a number of vessels on somewhat similar plans to those described by Mr. W. Pearce, with a speed of not less than twenty-five miles an hour. If this project be carried out, the new cruiser fleet will be placed at the disposal of the Government, not for the purpose of securing a profit to the syndicate, but under terms which shall not involve them in any loss. A sufficient number of influential names have already been given to this proposal to encourage the belief that it will be carried into effect, though the precise details have not been decided upon.

WRITING with regard to the betrothal of Princess Beatrice, the *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—"There is a pathetic element in the spectacle of the last fledgling leaving the almost deserted nest, and the Queen, it is said, feels it so much that she stipulates as a condition of the marriage that her new son-in-law must reside in close proximity to Her Majesty. This arrangement seems to the *Daily Telegraph* to constitute the acme of human felicity, another illustration, we suppose, of how far Royal personages differ from other mortals. Outside the charmed circle a stipulation that a man must live with his mother-in-law is hardly deemed a matter for enthusiastic congratulation on the part of his friends. By this marriage Princess Beatrice becomes sister-in-law of the Prince of Bulgaria, and what is more curious, sister-in-law to her own niece. Princess Alice's daughter married the elder brother of Princess Beatrice's future husband. The brothers Battenberg have married the daughter and the grand-daughter of the Queen of England, and oddly enough, the grand-daughter fell to the lot of the elder brother."

SARAH BERNHARDT has told an interviewer who inquired how she was progressing with the study of her *rôle* in M. Sardou's new piece that she never studies the parts for which she is cast in a regular methodical manner. She works at all times; when she is dressing, when she is taking a drive—especially when she is taking a drive. In going to and coming from the theatre she thinks over the part. She catches the leading idea readily enough, she says; but that does not take her a very long way. The real art of the actor consists in presenting the conception intelligently to the audience, and conveying his own impressions of the part to them. It is at rehearsals that she makes most way. She has the greatest confidence in the judgment of her comrades, and she invariably takes their opinion, on her mode of rendering a bit about which she has any doubt. When they say, "No, it is not quite that," she begins again, and keeps on trying till she satisfies them. She throws her whole soul into her work. No one knows, she says, what energy and passion she brings to the study of her *rôles*. She has studied the part of Theodora with more than ordinary care, going so far as to read Procopius; though not, as she was careful to add, in the original Greek. She does not believe Procopius's stories, and seems to take Gibbon's view of the character of the Empress, though she does not mention having read the "Decline and Fall." After all, she added philosophically, even if what Procopius says be true, Theodora was not much worse than Catherine and many other women who have lived since.

MR. BRIGHT has written the following letter to Mr. James Somerville. Mr. Bright made some strictures on a speech delivered by Mr. Somerville, who contributed his own letter to the newspapers but not the reply of Mr. Bright:—

Rochdale, Dec. 31, 1884.

SIR,—I enclose the paragraph which is published as a portion of your speech, and which caused me to write the letter of which you complain. You assume that the part I took in the Anti-Corn-Law movement was prompted by the fact that the size which is necessary in the weaving of cotton goods would be made more cheap, and that self-interest was my ruling motive. In this you wished to convey to your audience an impression which is entirely false. You then say I did not reduce the price of my goods for all that. Are you not ignorant, if you do not know that the competition among manufacturers will give to the consumer whatever advantage is gained by cheapening the mode or course of manufacture? You speak of those goods sent to India and Africa, countries to which I have not been in the habit of shipping cotton goods. Manufacturers, as you ought to know, make the goods which their consumers order, and are not responsible for the countries to which they are sent. You say I have done my best to ruin the British farmer—that is with the purpose to ruin him, which you cannot know to be true, and which I think you know to be false. What you say about unclothing the very nigger is so very silly that I will not comment upon it. If you say that the extract which I enclose is no part of your speech, I shall express my regret at having said anything upon it; but if the extract is a fair representation of what you said, I must adhere to the terms of my letter, although it may not be pleasant reading to you. I shall be glad if you will publish your letter of yesterday and this reply.—I am, respectfully, JOHN BRIGHT.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE Allahabad paper points out that there will only be a couple of changes this year under ordinary circumstances amongst the officers holding appointments on the general staff of the Madras Army, namely, the Adjutant-General and Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry. Brigadier-General Godfrey Clerk was appointed to the former on 29th August, 1880, a couple of years after he had given over the post of Military Secretary there, which he had held for two-and-a-half years; prior to that he was Military Secretary at Bombay for four years. Colonel Clerk has still some years to serve before he can expect promotion, but as he has already served over five years in Egypt, in the Quartermaster-General's Department, the probabilities are he will soon find himself re-employed for a couple of years. Colonel Clerk served with the Cape Mounted Rifles, and for a time was aide-de-camp to the Governor at the Cape, so that failing Egypt he may have a chance there. The other vacancy will be Major Wood of the Essex Regiment (44th), who will on the 1st November complete his turn on the Musketry staff, then leaving the British Burma Division vacant.

THE Madras Army in 1886 will lose its Commander-in-Chief, either in April on his succession to Sir Donald Stewart, or in November on completing his time—the only other officer to leave being Colonel Tands, the Judge Advocate-General, who succeeds to Hart's allowances in June. In 1887, however, there will be a general exodus as the following complete their time:—The Deputy Adjutant-General; the whole of the Assistants in the Adjutant-General's Department and three out of the four of the Deputy Assistants, as well as the Assistant-Adjutant General for Musketry; the Quartermaster-General's Department will, however, only lose one Assistant and two Deputy Assistants. The Divisional and Brigade Commands remain as they are for three years, the first vacancy being Brigadier-General Gib on 18th January, 1888.

THE Indian Marine steamer Canning, Captain B. P. Creagh, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Kurrachee, whence she sailed on the 24th instant with the 2nd Battalion North Staffordshire Regiment, No 1 Mountain Battery, and details:—Lieut. G. W. Palin, Lieut. H. Lewis, Lieut. L. L. Twyford, wife of the quarter-master sergeant, ninety-seven rank and file, three women, twenty-seven children, and fourteen followers of the North Staffordshire Regiment. Captain A. Reene, Lieut. R. C. P. Smart, Surgeon G. E. Fookes, four native officers, one hundred and fifty-three rank and file, fifteen women, fourteen children, fifty-eight horses, and eighty-eight mules of the No. 1 Mountain Battery; Lieut. R. Batham, six rank and file, and one horse of the Worcestershire Regiment. Surgeon Shore, two assistant apothecaries, six women, one hospital assistant, and one child, of the Medical Department; one native officer, six rank and file, three women, and seven children, of the 30th Regiment N. I.; one European sergeant major of the unattached list; ten rank and file of the 3rd Regiment N. I.; Lieutenant Blacombe, two rank and file, and twenty rank and file, of the 26th Regiment N. I; Captain and Mrs. Mackenzie and child, of the Transport Department; Lieutenant-Colonel Ducat, and two horses, of the 1st Lancers; Mr. T. G. R. Finny, I. M. D.; two men of the Indian Marine steamer Patrick Stewart; five men of the Royal Artillery; and some followers. The Canning will sail to-day for Vingorla, with the following details:—Two officers, one warrant officer and wife, one hundred and sixty-six men, one European, and six followers, of the Rifle Brigade and details.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 26.—The barometric changes of the past day have been irregular. There has been a slight fall at Allahabad, Benares, and some stations within the Central Indian plateau, as well as slight local falls at a few peninsular stations; elsewhere the barometer has risen, the increase being most decided, in the Punjab and Rajputana. The readings are highest over the Punjab and Rajputana, and lowest over the west coast; but a shallow local depression apparently exists over North Bengal, Behar, and Chutia Nagpur. This depression has drawn the wind into south-west over the north-west corner of the Bay, into south-east at Burdwan and Dacca, and south at Hazaribagh; elsewhere the direction is about normal. In Northern India there has been a further rise in humidity, and at some stations there is a good deal of cloud; while rain has fallen over the south-east of the Punjab and north of N. W. P. Elsewhere the weather is fine. Snow has fallen at Simla. Rain today:—Simla, Delhi, and Roorkee, over ½ inch.

THE MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS DESIGNS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—There is an old saying that "Fools build houses and wise men live in them." It therefore behoves every wise man, before he builds, to look about him and see whether some "fool" has not already built a house for him to live in. It this be so with private individuals, how much more must it be in the case of a large corporation which contemplates spending, I am afraid to say how many, lakhs of rupees in building a new Municipal Hall and Buildings? It must be confessed, however, that, although the world is composed of people who, as Carlyle said, are "mostly fools," few of them have ever thought of anticipating one of the wants of a city like Bombay by building a Municipal Hall, either with or without what is called "a leader of took, or describing as "its crown and necessary complement," that is to say, a dome. Still, there is no rule that has not its exception, and although I should be sorry to affirm that Bombay confains a single "leader" and we are all wise men here, and pre-eminently so are our representatives in the Corporation—it would not be matter of surprise to find a building ready to our hands, if we only looked around for one, which may suit the purposes, if not of a Municipal Hall and Municipal Office combined, at least of that of the former, and which by the skill of our accomplished Municipal Engineer might be made both useful and ornamental—"a thing of beauty and a joy for ever!" Some four or five years ago, I remember, Mr. Grant, the then Municipal Commissioner, asked me if I knew of any building in Bombay which I thought would suit for a Municipal Office. I told him I did not. But, while cogitating that same evening over the query—aided by a B. and S.!—I gradually fell into a reverie in which I flitted Asmodeus-like over the city, until I alighted upon the Hydraulic Press Building, that elegantly proportioned Pisan which still disfigures Marine-street, in the Fort. "That's the very thing," I exclaimed, and felt that I had resolved this query in a moment of inspiration. The next day suggested the sale of the building, which was then going a-begging, to Mr. Grant, adding that I thought he might get it "dirt cheap" or for about a lakh-and-a-half I thought nothing more of the matter until I learned, some two years after, that the building had been bought by that shrewd gentleman, Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, for the very low sum of Rs. 95,000! What he intends to do with it I don't know, but perhaps he is waiting for "something to turn up" that shall make it really valuable. To what better purpose it could be put than a Town Hall suitable for fancy balls, volunteer drills, and political and public meetings it is difficult to imagine; while it only wants the magical touch of our Municipal Architect to transform it from what it now is, namely, a decrepit eyesore in the centre of the city that has adopted the proud motto of "*Prima in India*" may be proud. Its area cannot be less than 1,500 square yards—a far different thing from the paltry baubs which, according to your own account, is to cost no less than three lakhs of rupees and to accommodate no more than three hundred and fifty persons, and that too like *sardines à l'huile* very closely packed! I think it goes without saying that a new Municipal Hall, such as is proposed, will, from the very outset, prove much too small for a large city like Bombay, and that as time rolls on and education among the people spreads, it will be found necessary to enlarge it so as to meet the requirements of the place as an ordinary Welsh chapel does to Spurgeon's Tabernacle! It will, as you say, be quite insufficient for a meeting of the citizens, while it will be needlessly large to accommodate the members of the Corporation. The obvious conclusion to be drawn from this is that the People's Hall should be a separate and distinct building from the Municipality's Office. The former to be provided, assuming that the building I have referred to can now be purchased by the Municipality at comparatively little cost, while the latter already exists in the very spacious and admirably suited building now employed, and for which I believe a rental is paid of only three per cent. upon the amount a new building would cost, say five lakhs—from which it is clear, especially having regard to engineers' estimates, and the marvellous way in which they sometimes expand (*vide* estimates of the new police premises), that the Municipality may get better and cheaper worse!

I am completely at issue with you in your suggestion that Bombay can incur an expenditure for Municipal Buildings of twenty, thirty, or more lakhs of rupees like English cities of the second and third rank. Bombay is a city of comparatively modern growth, and while the bulk of the population is composed of poor people, the Municipal rates and taxes, notwithstanding the expansion of the city, will, with the increase determined upon in the water rate, be higher, I believe, than in the magnificent days of Mr. Crawford, or during any period within the past twenty years.

JOLLY GREENWOOD.

Bombay, Jan. 24.

THE SECRET OF HEALTH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am sure that your correspondent "A Young Lady Vegetarian" is very hard upon the meat eaters. I am not a vegetarian and have no intention of being one, but I am not a morose young man. I think that the secret of health, if one has inherited a good constitution, is moderation in eating, drinking, and smoking. Sweets, fruits, tarts, and puddings should, I think, not be too freely indulged in; else one gets bilious. The healthiest people are the moderate livers. As for one's intellectual faculties, does "A Young Lady Vegetarian" ignore the fact that the brightest intellects known are not vegetarians? However, it is a good rule to find out what agrees with us by way of diet, and follow it. What is one man's food is another man's poison. No two people are alike, nor any two constitutions. Moderation in living suits the undersigned. Some people need to live more freely, perhaps. If "A Young Lady Vegetarian" is right, that only vegetarians have refinement of speech and manner, and that only vegetarians are not morose, her acquaintance among refined and not morose persons must be very limited I should think, particularly among gentlemen.

MODERATE LIVING.

II.

THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Vegetarianism seems to be attracting a good deal of attention just now, and with "Vegetarian" at the helm of this new craft no doubt we may see even this floated in time. But if everybody were to say "yes, yea" to everything that everybody else said, we should get a very one-sided view of the affair. Is there anything against vegetarianism? I shall take up the opposite side for the sake of argument. I maintain that these out-of-the-way experiments to a bread-earning community are dangerous. "Vegetarian" seems to be, from the style of his letter, a young and inexperienced would-be philanthropist.

"Brothers and sisters" is very well on paper, especially in a widely circulated newspaper, yet I wonder if "Vegetarian" would come forward and lift up any of his dear "relatives" if they happened to stumble in life through over-doing vegetables. I am now an old stager, and have seen lots of such tumbles. In 1836 I knew of a case in New York where a very fine and promising young man was simply ruined through overdoing the "total abstinence" business. He was an energetic, dashing sort of a chap, with lots of commonsense and shrewd business qualities. Philanthropists accidentally stumbled across him, and soon discovered that he was on the highroad to perdition because he took two "cock-tails" a day. This was very bad, you know. Besides being directly injurious to his own health, the pernicious effects of his example on his weaker brethren were simply criminal—and so on. Well, after a deal of badgering, he yielded to the entreaties of the philanthropists and relinquished all stimulants. What was the result? During the latter half of every day he was not near fit for the arduous nature of his calling. The spirit was willing, but the flesh wanted the stimulants to get it along. The poor fellow did not perceive that others were outstripping him in the race, in which you may say he had been one of the first—it went from bad to worse, and he failed. The philanthropists no longer turned their brotherly love for the ruined man; they could get no fashionable notoriety out of a society ex-outcast—so they cut him adrift. This is an exaggerated but a typical case. I could quote scores of others where such pitiable consequences did not result, but certainly where promising young men did not half fulfil their early promises, and consequently their lives were practical failures, all on account of fads pushed forward by notoriety-hunting philanthropists who have an overflowing love for their "dear-to-do" brothers and sisters. I must now point out, after this preamble, that flesh is more stimulating in a certain sense than vegetables; cut off meat diet, and the body of a person accustomed from infancy to such stimulant must suffer. If the body suffer the mind must share the weakness also, and business, or the bread-earning ability, is interfered with. What is the result? Others outstrip you in the race of life, at your expense.

Again, vegetarians are fond of bringing forward such an argument as "The great portion of mankind are vegetarians. Take, for example, China, Japan, India; it is a very good test country. Where is the predominance claimed? With the exception of a very small class—a certain high-caste Hindoo set—all the others are flesh-eaters. They may not eat flesh every day, but they eat it whenever they can get it. I have spent many, many years in the districts of India; and throughout Bengal, the N. W. Provinces, Punjab, Sind, Rajputana, Central India, and the Deccan, wherever and whenever a shot any game, the people as a rule gladly accepted bits of meat. True, certain castes object to beef, when they will eat all other kinds of flesh; and the same with those who won't touch fish and so on. No, with the exception of a small class, such as the Guzeratee Bunya, and one or two others, all eat meat of sorts.

It is simply "bosh" to talk in this fashion to old Indians, who are behind the scenes, as you may say. I know of a comical circumstance in connection with this sort of tall talk. A friend of mine—poor fellow, another victim to a fad!—wrote and asked the secretary of this same vegetarian society, conducted by "Vegetarian," to know if he could suggest any vegetable substitute for such preparations as essence of beef, mutton, &c., intended for persons dangerously ill and requiring constant strengthening nourishment in a concentrated form. To this reply mentioned, in a general sort of way, preparations of wheat, oatmeal, etc., of which a dying person would have to take cupsful to keep up vitality, whereas dessertspoonfuls of meat preparations are all that are considered necessary for such persons. But the joke lay in the finish of the letter, which said that for vegetarians, however, such preparations were unnecessary, because they seldom got ill. Good heavens! not get ill? It is a well-known fact that, comparatively speaking, nations who are supposed to be vegetarians have not got the stamina to stand slight attacks of illness.

What I advocate is—keep up your strength to the normal pitch by a moderate quantity of good fresh food, be it fish, flesh, or fowl, and leave philanthropists to fatten on their own fads. Don't you undermine your constitution by useless experiments, will these self-same philanthropists pay your doctors' bills; or were you to succumb to the ordinary illnesses that flesh is heir to, would these affectionate people who love you as a brother raise a subscription for your families? No, that's too practical you know; and utility knocks off the tinsel of our-day philanthropy. Are you a born vegetarian? If so stick to it—it is agreed with you; but if you are born an omnivorant, then by all means make legitimate use of the variety the gods have given you.

Then you take up the cudgels against my youthful and philanthropic "Vegetarian," and letus see whether his "vigorous and clear" vegetable head can stand him in good stead in the fray. Of course I prefer taking him with his own weapons. I might have taken up a jaw-bone in imitation of a superannuated hero, but I refrain from doing so out of respect for his vegetable propensities.

As I said before, this is the only way of ventilating a subject, if it be worth ventilating at all.

C. S.

THE BOMBAY ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

THE Administration Report of the Bombay Presidency for 1883-4 was issued last night. The Report, of which we give a portion to-day, begins by stating that in the year under review the revenues of the country have not been drained by any foreign wars. The attention of the Government has not been diverted from the pursuance of schemes for the development of the resources of the Presidency, nor have its energies been crippled, by any famine. After a succession of plagues—plagues of famine, of rats, of locusts—the Presidency has enjoyed a year of almost unbroken prosperity. The rainfall was, if anything, too abundant. Excessive rain and overflowing American crops combined to reduce exports of cotton below those of the previous year; but they, nevertheless, remained much in excess of the average of the preceding five years, and higher prices compensated for smaller sales. The season was peculiarly favourable to the growth of wheat. This not merely raised the outturn in excess of the average of the previous five years, and higher prices compensated for smaller sales. The season was peculiarly favourable to the growth of wheat. This not merely raise in rates. In several of the Deccan districts this was due to the great demand for labour on the East and West Deccan Railways, which were under construction.

The year under report will hereafter be regarded as an epoch in the history of agricultural progress in this Presidency. The tendency of advancing civilization is to specialize branches of the administration. In the early years of British rule the Collector was at once civil and criminal judge, revenue, survey, and forest officer, in his own district. Before many years had elapsed, the Judicial Department had been separated by the broad line from the Revenue, and separate departments had been created for the measurement of the land and the assessment of land revenue, and for the protection and extension of forests. The time has now arrived when the interests of agriculture should be placed under special and skilled supervision, and when the collection of statistics, the preparation of estimates of the harvests, the determination of agricultural profits, and other matters intimately connected with the well-being of the commercial and cultivating classes in this country should be entrusted to a more highly trained agency than the village accountants and karkuns of the mamlatdars' establishments, who are already over-burdened with other miscellaneous duties, and who have not made those subjects their special study. The famines, which visited the Presidency in the years 1876 and 1877, directed attention to a still more urgent reason for the creation of an agricultural department. India a decade seldom passes away without some portions of the country being desolated by famine. It has been found that great loss of life and needless expenditure of public money are caused by the commencement of visitations by the postponement of all consideration of the remedial measures to be adopted until the famine has become an established fact. The Famine Commission appointed by the Secretary of State in 1879 recommended, that the administration of famine relief should be placed under a special branch of the Secretariat whose peculiar duty it should be to collect and analyze the records of past famines, in order that lessons clearly bought in the past might be rendered available in the future. The department was to make itself thoroughly acquainted with the condition of the people in all districts and the extent of the water-supply.

The Bombay Government took the first active step to carry out these suggestions in 1881, when they nominated Mr. Ozanne as first Director of the new department.

In the opinion of the Famine Commissioners, the efficiency of the Agricultural Department in relieving the distress due to famines will depend mainly on the completeness and accuracy with which the agricultural, vital, and economic statistics, with which it has to deal, are collected in each village and compiled in each district. It has been found by long experience, that the present agency is quite incapable of collecting statistics in the perfect manner required by the Commissioners. A committee was, therefore, convened in September, 1883, in order to elaborate, on lines laid down by Government, a scheme for the creation of a new body of educated, well-paid, men to replace the taluka general-duty karkuns in the superintendence of village accountants. The committee advised that experiment should first be made in the Dharwar District, talukas revision is necessary, it shall be undertaken in one-half of the talukas of each collectorate. The dissolution of the Department of Survey on the completion of its work being thus in prospect, the necessity arises for some other and permanent agency, which shall take over and maintain the survey record as completed by the Department of Survey. It is proposed to entrust this duty to the Director of Agriculture with the aid of establishments, which will be formed and enlarged as those of the Survey Department are reduced. The revision settlement having been completed in Dharwar, the survey record of that district has been transferred to the charge of the Director, and a body of officials has been carefully selected who will, under his direction, both maintain the correctness of the survey record and furnish more correct and scientific agricultural statistics.

The following review of the Legislation of the year is given:—Five Acts were passed by the Legislative Council of Bombay during the year under review; one of two Bills introduced has since the close of the year received the sanction of the Governor-General.

By means of three of these Acts salutary changes have been made in the law regulating the administration of the Bombay Port Trust, and in the law regarding the places of detention of persons in custody under civil and criminal processes; by the fourth, Government has been empowered to determine the seal that shall be used by District Sessions Courts. One Act of importance remains, viz., Act I of 1881, and in conjunction with it must be mentioned Bill No. IV of 1883, which recently, as Act II. of 1884, has become a law of the Presidency. The range of the first extends over Gujarat, the Deccan, and Karnatak, and over those towns which have been constituted municipalities. Since September, 1863, local funds for the extension of communications, the improvement of estates, and the promotion of education, have been raised, principally by levying from the cultivators one anna on every rupee paid by them as land revenue. Act I of 1884 in this respect makes no change in the mode in which hitherto been levied, nor does it add to, or diminish, the sources from which local funds have been derived.

It is not disputed, that the administration of local funds under former enactments and orders had been, on the whole, highly successful. But the time had come when in accordance with the wishes and orders of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council as to the extension of local self-government throughout India, the law regulating the constitution and the powers and duties of the local committees required amendment so as to secure those bodies a greater independence in administering the funds placed at their disposal for local purposes.

The Bombay Local Funds' Act did not separately recognize taluka local fund committees, because their functions were to be consultative, not executive; and their constitution was improved to but a small extent by the rules passed under the Act. Local fund committees were nominated by Government, one-half at least of the members being non-official persons. Then hitherto the Collector has always been the president *ex-officio* of the district local fund committee, and the Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge of the taluka was *ex-officio* taluka committee. The general policy of the Act is as far as possible to abolish *ex-officio* qualifications and to give to committees a popular character.

The Act gives to taluka local boards a recognized position and certain well-defined powers. Two sets of boards are provided in each district, viz., a taluka local board in every taluka, and the district local board, consisting chiefly of delegates from the taluka boards. At least one-half of the members of local boards must be elected by the people; the rest will be nominated by Government, but even of these not more than one-half may be salaried servants of Government. The list of voters will include all the principal landholders, merchants, and owners of immoveable property. In order still further to increase the representative character of the boards, the talukas will for purposes of election be divided into groups of villages.

Whenever practicable a private gentleman will be appointed to occupy the place of president. In this matter greater latitude has been retained, because even in districts advanced in civilization, it is not always possible to find a private gentleman at once able and willing to act as president of a board.

Act II of 1884, taken along with the unrepealed portions of Bombay Act VI of 1873, now constitutes the municipal law of the whole Presidency.

The objects of Act I are nearly similar to those of the Local Funds' Act, of which it is the companion and complement. In it the old distinction between the city and town municipalities has been abolished. At least one-half of the commissioners must be elected by the people, and the remainder, who will be nominated by Government, not more than one-half may be its salaried servants. The powers of the president have been circumscribed within very narrow limits. He will ordinarily be appointed by Government, but he may, if Government so direct, be elected by the commissioners. If in either case a salaried servant of Government is chosen, the municipality will be allowed to elect a vice president.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A EUROPEAN.

ON Sunday night the engine attached to the No. 33 down goods train of the G. I. P. Railway, while proceeding beyond Poona, and between the Loni and Uruli stations, became disabled by the bursting of the exhaust pipe, and the train was brought to a dead stand. Peter Cameron, the driver, while endeavouring with his assistants

SALES BY AUCTION.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE AND CO.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, Messrs S. SHRI CHRISTNAJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, sale commencing at 1 p. m., at Apollo-bandar, opposite to Tram way stable in the tent the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished carved household furniture, best plated ware, glassware, and crockery and rich table ornaments, pictures, &c., the property of H. J. Carey, Esq., proceeding to England, the same comprises rich glassware, dinner and dessert and tea services, plated cruet stand tea and coffee service, spoons and forks, butter cooler, icepitcher, breakfast companion, jam pot, waiter, table cutlery by napkin, handsome blackwood and teakwood tea wood furniture, such as a set of teakwood cane tables in 3 pieces, drawing-room, pier, oval, writing, side, round, dressing and hall tables, teakwood wine, easy, low, folding, reclining, lady's and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, conversation and reclining couches, round teapoys, chiffoniers with mirror glass, round table and teapoys with marble tops, velvet table covers, corner whatnots, sideboard, dumbwaiter, whatnot, at and umbrella stand, sewing machine, feakwood double Wilson, ottoman, teakwood double cot complete, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, wardrobe, dressing cupboard, cheval glasses, baby's cot, blackwood double door almyra with mirror glass, glass door wardrobe, double screen, Brussels carpet, medicine chest, handsome flowervases, table ornaments, flowerpots, table and hanging argand lamps, handsome oleographs, both and dispense room furniture, carpenter tools, &c.

The above is on view.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Girgaum in the lane opposite Collett's Carriage Works.

On FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p. m., the effects of the late Mr. John Conner, consisting of black wood reclining couches, round table, easy chair, without arm chairs, teapoys, chest of drawers, campcots sideboard, Bangalore, dressing-table, dressing glass, pictures, lamp, copper utensils, wearing apparel, gold rings, brooch, earrings, and watch guards, silver watch, &c.

The property will be on view 2 days before the sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS, BOARDS, PLANKS, AND BATTENS.

On SATURDAY, the 31st inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public action at the premises of the Bombay Saw Mills Co., Limited, at Tank bunder, a large quantity of superior teak scantlings, boards, planks and battens of various sizes. Also teak cuttings, suitable for many varieties of work.

In small lots to suit the requirement of purchasers.

On account of the concerned.

1 lot of deal wood boards and planks.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Grant-road, near the Tramway Terminus, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood teakwood and satinwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, an English-built self-driving phaeton, table ornaments, flower vases, lamps, pictures, garden plants, china garden seats pots &c., the property of D. Carpenter, Esquire, the same comprises rich star cut glassware, handsome dinner and tea services, best plated cruet stand, tea and coffee sevice, breakfast companion, pickle frame, butter cooler, tea pot, claret jug, round waiter, jelly stand, egg boiler, jam and sugar pots, table and dessert spoons, ivory handled fish knives and forks in case, reading lamp, chamber candlesticks, handsome and neat french-polished, blackwood, and teakwood and satinwood furniture, such as a blackwood oval dining table, drawing-room, pier oval, writing, round, camp, and Madras pattern dressing and washhand tables, oval table with marble top, drawing room, easy, rocking, lady's low, office and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, conversation and sofa couches, round teapoys, handsome chiffonier with mirror glass, English made wall bracket with mirror back, handsome carved pier table with mirror glass, sideboard, whatnot, handsome corner whatnots with mirror glasses, toilet and hat stands, lady's davenport, folding screen, a hand sewing machine, teakwood bedstead, complete, chest of drawers, wardrobe clothes and gown presses, handsome teakwood almirah with mirror glass, cheval and dressing glasses, handsome flower vases and flowerpots, rich table ornaments, Brussel and Persian carpets, cuplex table and hanging lamps, handsome oleographs and other pictures, bath dispense and cook-room furniture, copper utensils, plants, china garden seats and pots, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 English built self-driving phaeton.

1 Set brass mounted single harness.

The property of another gentleman.

1 Handsome tricycle with the latest improvements

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On MONDAY, the 2nd February, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

By order of the Administrator General the effects of the late Mr. Michael Toner, consisting of chest of drawers, wearing apparel and sundry articles.

The effects of the late Marwaree Crishnajee Nagraj, consisting of 2 shigrams, 2 horses, sets of single harness, copper and brass pots, silver and copper coins, &c.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 29th January, 1885.

MEHERJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY, No. 14, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, best plated ware, cut star glassware, handsome porcelainware, avaries with rare birds, Duplex kerosine lamps, beautiful table ornaments, Colt's revolver, China and coir matting, hall carpets, copper utensils, &c., &c.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 1.30 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 158, Middle Colaba, near the Parsee Sanitarium, the property of the late Captain Co. Tickell the same comprising handsomely carved open work and french polished circular pier writing, dressing, washing, cane and side tables, spring seated sofas, chairs, and easy chairs, dining, veranda, office, rocking and high chairs, whatnots and almirahs with mirrors, crook-stands, beautiful table ornament, and 3 light Duplex hanging table kerosine lamps, valuable pictures, fancy clock, game crusade, barometer, hat and stick stand, Brussels hall carpets, single and double screens, sea shells, wild Indian curiosity, canterbury, marble topped round and oval tables, and teapoys, carving press, Chubb's cash box, reading desk, blank books, drawing boards, cloth and gown press, cheval glass, clothes, bath tub, commodes, lovel washes, writing desks, dumb waiter, saddle, side board, hanging punkah, meat safe, kerosine cooking stove, weighing and paring machines, copper utensils, handsome dinner-dessert and tea sets, best plated ice pitchers, hot-water dishes, cruet, egg and pickle frames, biscuit barrel, salver candlesticks, spoons and forks, Mappin's cutlery, rich cut star glassware with decanters, tumblers, jugs, and ice dishes, dispense tables, and cupboards, stone-water filter, &c., &c.

AT 2 p.m.

1 Dog-cart with horse and harness; property of a gentleman.

Now on view

SALE OF GERMAN SILVER GOODS.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MERHJES, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their sale room in Fort, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Marwadie Hasabimull Navairam, consisting of lotas, cups, buttons, chains, scales, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 28th January, 1885.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS, POSTS, &c.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Masagon Darookhana, by order of Mr. Jalsarrain Sitaram.

100 tons superior teak scantlings, posts, &c., of various sizes, in lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF CHOICE AND RARE PLANTS in tubs and pots in the compound of the Alexandra Institution opposite the Queen's Statue.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots the property of D. S. Kemp, Esq.

Catalogues are ready and the plants are on view.

HARMONIUMS FOR SALE.

To be sold by public auction on account and at the risk of the concerned by Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst, at 3 p.m., the undermentioned harmoniums received per s.s. "Clan and Castle"—

One handsome solid American walnutwood Harmonium with look 7 octave, two pedals, handles, &c., quite new, manufactured by Samuel Barnett & Sons.

One handsome solid American walnutwood Harmonium with columns, handles, &c., with lock, 5 octaves, 3 stops, viz. sounding, expression and forte.

One handsome solid American walnutwood Harmonium with columns, handles, &c., with lock, 5 octaves, 7 stops, viz. sounding, coranglais, expression, flute, tremolo, and 2 forte.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 44, Tamarindlane Fort, on the floor behind the old Secretariat the next and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, handsome dinner and tea services, best plated cruet stand, tea and coffee sevice, breakfast companion, pickle frame, butter cooler, tea pot, claret jug, round waiter, jelly stand, egg boiler, jam and sugar pots, table and dessert spoons, ivory handled fish knives and forks in case, reading lamp, chamber candlesticks, handsome and neat french-polished, blackwood, and teakwood and satinwood furniture, such as a blackwood oval dining table, drawing-room, pier oval, writing, round, camp, and Madras pattern dressing and washhand tables, oval table with marble top, drawing room, easy, rocking, lady's low, office and Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, conversation and sofa couches, round teapoys, handsome chiffonier with mirror back, English made wall bracket with mirror back, handsome carved pier table with mirror glass, sideboard, whatnot, handsome corner whatnots with mirror glasses, toilet and hat stands, lady's davenport, folding screen, a hand sewing machine, teakwood bedstead, complete, chest of drawers, wardrobe clothes and gown presses, handsome teakwood almirah with mirror glass, cheval and dressing glasses, handsome flower vases and flowerpots, rich table ornaments, Brussel and Persian carpets, cuplex table and hanging lamps, handsome oleographs and other pictures, bath dispense and cook-room furniture, copper utensils, plants, china garden seats and pots, &c.

AT 2 P. M.

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1 Set brass mounted single harness.

The property of another gentleman.

1 Handsome tricycle with the latest improvements

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

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CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 29th January, 1885.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. MENESSE and Co will sell by Public Auction at the Narayen Cotton Mills, near French Bridge, Girgaum, on count and at the risk of Versey Deysey.

23 chokras of alleged charikha cotton.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 29th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey, coloured, and white piece-goods, twist, &c., &c.

5 bales grey shirtings, 10 lbs.
5 " grey dhotees.
2 cases coloured sarries.
3 bales army cloth.
3 " flannel.
1 case toys.
5 " confectionery.
1 " lady's cloth.
100 cases preserve fruits.
9 bales twist No. 20.
4 bales Turkey red twist.
243 oz gold thread.
580 oz gold and silver laces of assorted pattron.
120 cases clay tobacco pipes.
A quantity of iron pipes suitable for gas and water.
On account and risk of Ruttonsey Magjee—
MM—42 1-15—15 bales grey madapallams (chaderpat) 44 by 25 yards, 4½lbs.
On account and at the risk of Oobhaya Ramday,
25 cases copper Brazier sheets.

NOTICE—To Shipowners, and Shipchandlers Steam Navigation Companies and others.

AUCTION SALE OF MANILLA COVERED GALVANIZED STEEL WIRE ROPE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 29th inst., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

On account of the concerned.

77 Coils Manila covered Galvanized Steel Wire Rope of assorted sizes.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED SUGAR.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p. m. Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac-bunder on account of the under writers :—

ex ship "Slangevelt"

H S S & Co.—78 bags damaged Mauritius sugar.
A H O S 30 " do. do.
H S E 30 " do. do.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED WHEAT.

On FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the godowns of Messrs. Volkart Brothers at Frere-road, opposite the Prince's Dock on account of whom it may concern.

About 600 bags damaged wheat.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Grain, and other sweepings, &c., &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Station at Wari-bunder.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Station at Wari BUNDER :—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, grain, cotton, and other sweepings, waste papers, &c., &c.

One box of wearing apparel belonging to Mr. G. F. Swinstead.

At the risk of the owner—

28 bags dry ground nuts marked 34.
15 bags green ground nuts marked 30.
Consignor Dossa Bana, Consignee self.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 28th January, 1885.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND..... £800,000

LONDON BANKERS

BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—59, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the bank.

M. BLUM, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Limited.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£330,000.

LONDON BANKERS.

UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest :—

FIXED, for 12 months..... 5 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " ..... 4 per cent. "

and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current account daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; no commission charged on withdrawal. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... $7,500,000.
RESERVE FUND ..... $4,400,000.
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS } $ 400,00
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS..... $7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS :
Chairman—A. P. McEWEN, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. F. D. SASSOON.

C. D. Bottomley, Esq. | H. Hoppius, Esq.
H. L. Dairymple, Esq. | Hon. W. Keswick.
W. H. Forbes, Esq. | A. McIver, Esq.
M. Grote, Esq. | M. E. Sassoon, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER :
Hongkong—The Hon. THOMAS JACKSON.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On Fixed Deposits :—

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, September 15, 1884

NOTICES.

NOTICE ! NOTICE ! NOTICE !

THE *KUMBAKONAM ATHENEUM.*

A weekly Newspaper to be issued from 8th January, 1885. Rates of subscription Rs. 4½ per annum. Postage free. Will contain good readable matter.

Apply with remittances to

K. VEMBIAH SASTRIAL,
Manager and Proprietor,

The *Kumbakonam Atheneum* Office, Kumbakonam, Tanjore District.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office

Fixed Deposits received to a limited extent on the following terms :—

5 per cent per annum subject to } 18 months 12 " 9 " 6 " } notice of withdrawal.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director.

9, Elphinstone Circle

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, on SATURDAY, the 28th February, 1885, at 3 p m.

(1) To receive Directors' and Auditors' Reports for year ending 31st December, 1884

(2) To elect a Director and Auditors.

(3) To declare a Dividend.

(4) To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 22nd January, 1885.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY. WAGON BOTTOM BOARDS.

TENDES are invited for the supply of 300 tons WAGON BOTTOM BOARDS of Calicut poonwood or beuteak timber. Specification and forms of Tender with particulars of delivery may be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

Sealed Tenders endorsed, will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p.m. (sunfire), on WEDNESDAY, 4th February next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government promissory notes, which must be handed in separate of and not enclosed with tender; and this amount will in the event of the Tender being accepted, be retained as security for due fulfilment of contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tende

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st January, 1885.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at its registered Office, No. 67, Bazaar Gate-street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th January, 1885, at 2 p.m., to transact the following business :—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and audited Balance Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1884.

II.—To declare a Dividend.

III.—To elect Directors in room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

IV.—To appoint Auditors for the current year, and fix their remuneration.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 21st to 31st instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

RAMCHUNDRA HEMRAJ,
Secretary.

Bombay, 15th January, 1885.

NOTICE.

MRS. TAYLOR begs respectfully to intimate to the public that she has RESUMED possession of that old and favourite establishment in Rampart-row, Fort, known as "TAYLOR'S HOTEL," and she embraces this opportunity to tender her most cordial thanks to those numerous patrons who formerly so kindly accorded her that large measure of support, which she hopes may be continued to her in future.

The Hotel will be conducted by Mrs. Taylor personally, and those honouring her with their patronage may rest assured that it will be her constant care to secure for them, all the comforts of a first-class Hotel at moderate charges.

A. TAYLOR,
Proprietress, Taylor's Hotel, Fort.

Bombay, 1884.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

11, ESPLANADE-ROAD.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colour, sand black and white by thoroughly competent artists.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS
(Universally admitted to be the finest collection in the world)
Of India, Burmah, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements always available.

LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

BRANCH HOUSES :

TALBOT HOUSE, SIMLA, AND 8, CHOWRINGHEE, CALCUTTA.

HOME!! HOME!!!

SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES.

FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns	each 15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes	Rs. 8-4 to 11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	Rs. 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings	pair 2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per table	0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas	each 4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper	each 16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds	Rs. 13-8 to 33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests	each 2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks	doz. 3 0
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchiefs	doz. 5 8
Overland Trunks	23 0	Rug Straps	Re. 1-4 to 7 8
Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties	doz. 3 8
Hold-alls, specially useful	Rs. 17 to 20 0	Money Belts	each 2 0

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

SPIRITS IN JARS.

			Rs. a
Scotch Whisky	(per gallon)	...	9 0
Irish Whisky	do.	...	9 0
Cognac *	do.	...	10 12
Cognac * *	do.	...	11 0
Cognac * * *	do.	...	13 8
Cognac * * * *	do.	...	15 8
Jars (Capacity one gallon)	... ...	each	2 8
Jars (" two ")	... ...	each	3 0
Jars (" four ")	... ...	each	4 0
Plated Lock Taps...	.. ..	each	4 0

The Jars may be returned for re filling.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO,

BOMBAY.

M. M. MODY & CO.

SHIP-CHANDLERS,

GENEAL MERCHANTS, AND COMMISSION AGENTS

Cotton Mill, Gin, and Press Stores.
Engineers Contractors', Municipality and Railway Requisites
Iron, Corrugated Iron Roofing, Steel, Lead, Zinc and Metal Merchants
Weighing Machines, Scales, Spring Balances, and Weights.
Pumps, Centrifugal Fire, Lift and Force and Well Pumps
Paints, Hubbuck's Varnish, and Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil
Pump Hydraulic and Sole Leather English
Calf, Buck and Kid Skins
Cooking and Warming Stoves
Machinery Importers from England
Wholesale and Retail
Keep always large stocks in hands
Prices Moderate

We have for sale best Sail Canvas, Tarpaulins; Disinfecting Powder, MacDogal's and Calvert Leather Hose, India-rubber, and India-rubber Suction Hose and also Delivery Hose.
Iron Blocks, Manilla Rope, Crab Winch, etc., etc.
Up-country orders promptly attended.
Prices furnished on application
Apollo-street, Fort, Bombay.

84, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. 1, EAST STREET POONA.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS AND CO.

IN submitting to their numerous Constituents and the Public in general an Abstract of their Stock, beg respectfully to state that every department is replete with Goods of the Highest Class, and all who are desirous of investing their money in really substantial articles are respectfully invited to visit their Establishment.

C MARCKS AND COMPANY WATCHMAKERS

CHAINS—Ladies' Neck Chains. Watch Chains, Gold or Silver. An Endless Variety to Choose from. Conical Pantascopic Spectacles by Dr. Menist

MONOGRAMS, Mottoes, Crests, etc. artistically Designed and Engraved on Lockets, Rings Watches, etc., Motto Guard Rings.

NEROID Barometers, by Dr. Menist. Arcatic Rings, American Clocks]

ACING Watches, Reading Glasses. Riding Spectacles by Dr. Menist.

HRONOMETERS, Chronographs, Copper-plate Engravers.

EEPER Rings, Keyless Watches, Kettles, (Electro-plate.)

CARF Pins, Scarf Rings, Ship Chronometers, Steel Chains' Sugar Basins, (Electro-plated)

RMY and Navy Clocks, and Watches Specially Recommended. Amber Jewellery.

ICKEL Silver Watches, Necklets, Napkin Rings.

IAMONDS, Diamond Rings, Brooches, Studs, Earrings, Ear Studs, Dearest Rings. Die, Sinkers.

CALENDAR Watches, Clocks of every Description, Cup-eye Protectors by Dr. Menist.

OPEN Faced Watches, Ornamental Goods, Ormulu Clocks.

ENIST'S Celebrated Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Fieldglasses, Binoculars

IANOS, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, and John Brinsmead & Sons. Pearl Necklets

LL Gold Motto Rings, Alberts of Gold and Silver, Aluminium Watches.

ON. Pressure Folders by Dr. Menist, no one requiring these, should purchase others.

EAR (New) Gifts. We invite all to inspect our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

EDDING Gifts, Watch Keys, Wedding Rings. Waiters, well worth inspection.

RTISTIC Engravers and Die sinkers, acknowledged to be unequalled in Bombay.

IME-PIECES, Thermometers, Telescopes, "Turnpin" Spectacles by Dr. Menist.

HURCH, Tower, Station, Mill, Clock makers, Claret Jugs, Charns.

IGHLY Finished Presentation Goods, Highest Awards Obtained.

ARINE Watches, Musical Boxes, Mizpah Rings, Masonic Rings, Mourning Rings, Mugs.

LBERTS, Ladies and Gentlemens Gold Silver, and Aluminium. Acrostic Rings.

EEPER Rings, of various sizes, Highly Finished.

LECTRO (Triple) Plate Ware of the Best Description and Finish Engagement Rings.

IDING Whips, (with Watches) "Reversed Conical Pantascopic" Spectacles by Dr. Menist, Regard Rings.

INGLING Birds (Mechanical) Suites of Studs, Silver Jewellery, Snuff Boxes, Stopwatches, Spirit Flasks, Souvenir Rings.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.

CHRISTY MINSTRELS.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY,

BANJOS
WITH MACHINE HEADS.

	Rs. a.
Seven-stringed Banjo, with machine head electro-plated hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	75 0
Ditto, ditto with polished oak hoop, and electro-plated rim and fittings, in case (fretted)....	65 0
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Ditto ditto with brass hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	45 0
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